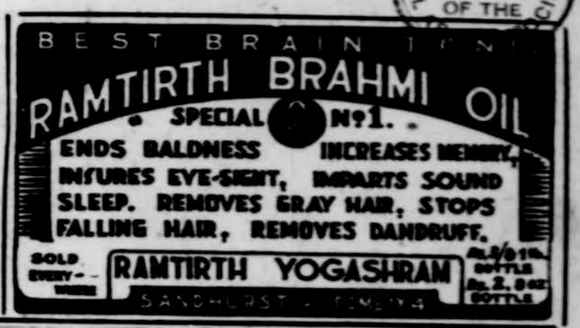
DIGVIJAY
INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.
1947 FIGURES
Total business..... Rs 1,17,00,000.
Completed business in 1946 40,00,000.
Premium Income nearly ..... 6,00,000.
Wanted Chief Agents and Organisers
Apply to:—H. N. ASHAR, Esq.,
Mg. Director.
Sir Pherozshah Mehta Road, Fort, Bombay.

Regd. No. B 1005

The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta. *Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi*

VOL. XXXV NO. 191 BOMBAY: TUESDAY, AUGUST 12, 1947 Price: 2 Annas



ROYAL LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

Partition Of India Is An "Unreal Fact"

Sardar Foresees Reunion Of Seceding Areas: Address At Liberty Week Celebrations

NEW DELHI, August 11. (A.P.I.): "Our first task is to stabilise, consolidate and strengthen ourselves and the rest can have only a secondary priority," declared Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel addressing a mass meeting here to-day held in connection with the Liberty Week celebrations.

NEED FOR PARTITION

Sardar Patel emphatically denied that he and his colleagues agreed to the partition of the country either because of fear or out of a sense of defeat. Under the prevailing conditions in the country partition on the pattern was the best thing possible and he had no qualms about it. In a matter of weeks they had divided the country, the Army, the Services, etc., and this indeed was a colossal task performed. He, however, strongly believed that those who had seceded today would be disillusioned soon and their union with the rest of India was assured.

The Sardar made an earnest appeal to the people to rub out from their minds the memories of the past two years, deem it as a terrible nightmare and forget it, and to look forward with single-minded purpose to make India strong, prosperous and happy. This could only be done by hard toil. A Socialist Government in Britain was calling upon the workers to sweat an hour more a day and the strange contrast here was that our Socialists and others preached strikes and encouraged wage-boosts. This could only result, he said, in printing more notes at Nasik and end up in serious trouble.

LIAQUAT ALI'S STATEMENT

He welcomed Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan's statement published today and was happy that the minorities in Pakistan would be protected and their rights safeguarded. Such a generous move by the League could not but evoke reciprocity here in India.

The Sardar was sure that all the Indian States would join the Indian Union and none could afford to keep out and live in isolation. He reiterated that first things should be done first and the first job was to get the States to accede and consolidate the Union. The demand of the people in the States for a democratic regime raised an entirely different issue. He could not see how an Indian ruler could exist with his subjects in hostility and clamouring for popular Government.

Sardar Patel said that he would make no efforts to explain away the responsibility of the Congress to divide the country. "We took these extreme steps," he said, "after great deliberation. In spite of my previous strong opposition to partion, I agreed to it because I felt it was convinced that in order to keep India united, it must be divided now."

EXPERIENCE IN OFFICE

His experience in office during the past year showed that it was impossible to do anything constructive with the Muslim League in. The League representatives during their continuance in office did nothing but to create deadlocks and their role was entirely an obstructionist one. Besides, as he had already once said, he found that all the Muslims, save for a few exceptions, engaged in all capacities in the Government were with the Muslim League. Thus the rot had set in and it could not be permitted to prolong any longer except at the risk of a disaster for the whole country. Indeed at one stage, and it obtained even now to some degree, things had become so bad that with the killing at Calcutta, riots spread all over and it became a perilous adventure for Hindus and Muslims to visit one another's localities. The economic life of the country was paralysed and there was little security of life or property.

A WAY OUT

The only way out of the sickening situation, Congress realised lay in the elimination of the third party, the British power. The British, on their part, had declared that they would quit in June 1948. But the period was long. Also their statement promising to hand over power to the authorities in the Provinces gave rise to a vigorous effort to dislodge the Ministries in Assam, the Punjab and in the Frontier. The League succeeded in the Punjab. Even though they failed in the Frontier and Assam, the League movement caused great misery and bloodshed. In order to settle the issue immediately and prevent the slaughter of innocent people, the Congress decided to agree to the division of the country and demanded the partition of the Punjab and Bengal. This was no surrender to

(Continued On Page 5)

Bombay Assembly Session

BOMBAY, Monday: The Governor of Bombay has summoned the Bombay Legislative Assembly to meet at Poona at 2 p.m. on Wednesday the 10th September, 1947, states a Gazette Extraordinary issued today. .. .. ..

Kripalani's Rejoinder To Liaquat Ali

KARACHI, August 11. (A. P. I.): Acharya Kripalani, the Congress President, has issued the following statement in answer to Mr. Liaquat Ali's statement dated August 11:

"I have seen Mr. Liaquatali Khan's statement of August 11, 1947 wherein he charges me with having advised the minorities in the Pakistan areas not to participate in the celebrations of August 15. The question of participation in the celebrations of the 15th organised by the Pakistan Government was placed before me by Congressmen and the members of the minority communities, when I came to Sind. To them in public and private my advice had been that all those who feel the glow of a free Pakistan must participate in the celebrations. But for those who feel no such glow and are not happy over the division of the country, to participate in the celebrations would be an act of hypocrisy dictated by self-interest, such preparation would benefit neither the participants nor the Government.

ATTITUDE TOWARDS PAKISTAN STATE

Defining the attitude of the minorities towards the Pakistan State I said at the press conference held on August 3 at Karachi 'all citizens of any particular area must be loyal citizens of the State. They mist give it honourable co-operation but resist all attempts at aggression and tyranny. If honourable existence in the State is not possible and if their (minorities) efforts to reform the Government altogether fail and if they have no hope of reforming the Government it would be open to them to leave the country. I do not advise anybody to leave the country'.

"The Congress has not given up the ideal of a United India. The Congress will make all peace efforts to achieve to ideal of United India.

"In some of the meetings I addressed, I referred to the slogans raised by some Muslims in Sind and elsewhere and which I have heard myself "Laughing we got Pakistan, fighting we shall get Hindustan'. About this I ventured to warn both the communities about thinking in terms of one part invading the other. I asked people who raised such cries to visualise the results. I thought, I would be failing in my duty if I did not sound this note of warning".

STOP PRESS

500-POUND TIME BOMB IN LIVERPOOL HARBOUR

LIVERPOOL, Aug. 11 (UPA)—A dredger clearing sand from the narbour bed between two large merchant ships today brought up a 500-pound German time bomb.

Four hundred sailors and dock workers took the rest of the day off.

ALARM SIRENS SOUND IN JERUSALEM

JERUSALEM, August 11 (UPA).—Alarm sirens were sounded at 4-30 p.m. today and it was reported that there had been an explosion at the rear of the Immigration Department in the old Russian compound.

Terrorists tonight blew up the Palestine-Egypt Railway line a mile south of Gaza.

CURFEW CLAMPED ON LAHORE

LAHORE, August 11 (UPI).—In view of the deterioration in the city's communal situation curfew between 1 p.m. today and 3 a.m. tonight has been imposed on the walled city.

Freedom Week in Delhi

Volunteers Salute the Union Flag

No Increase In Cloth Prices

Excise Duty On Fine Counts To Subsidise Marginal Producers

NEW DELHI, August 11. (A.P.I.). The Commodity Prices Control Board, it is understood, has expressed itself as strongly opposed to a general increase in cotton textile prices. They have suggested that in order to increase in production, it would be more effective to levy an excise on finer count cloth and that the proceeds of the excise should be used to subsidise the marginal producer. Any general increase in prices, however, the Board feels can only add to profits without any increase in production.

It will be recalled that the question of an increase in textiles was referred to the Board by the Government of India.

FOOTE CONFERS WITH REPUBLICANS

Indonesians Prefer Australian Offer Of Mediation?

BATAVIA, Aug. 11. (Reuter): Dr. Walter Foote, United States Consul-General, arrived at Jogjakarta by air this morning, Jogjakarta Radio stated.

Dr. Foote immediately drove to the President's residence where he met the Republican President, Dr. Soekarno, the Premier, Dr. Amir Sjariffuddin and other Cabinet Ministers.

Immediately after the departure of Dr. Foote from Jogjakarta airfield, the Indonesian Cabinet held a two-hour meeting.

Political circles in Jogjakarta, Indonesian Republican Capital, had doubts to-night whether the Indonesian Government would accept the United States offer of mediation in the Dutch-Indonesian dispute, believed to have been discussed to-day between the Republicans and the United States Consul-General, Dr. Walter Foote.

It was pointed out that Indonesia had already accepted the Australian offer of "good offices".

Holland indicated her willingness to accept the United States offer a fortnight ago when the Indonesian dispute came before the Security Council.

Jogjakarta Radio said to-night the Republican Cabinet's reply to the American mediation offer would be broadcast either to-night or to-morrow.

TRADE UNION'S APPEAL TO AUSTRALIA.

The Indonesian Trade Union movement known as Sobsi broadcast a message to the Australian Council of Trade Union in Melbourne, urgently appealing to the Council to urge the Australian Government to act as mediator at the United Nations Organisation's Security Council.

FURTHER INDONESIAN OFFENSIVE.

A Duth communique claimed to-day that Dutch troops in Pamekasan, one of the principal towns in Madura Island, East Java, were subjected to heavy machine-gun fire from the Republican army in a further infringement of the cease fire order.

The Malang sector of East Java, the communique said, a few bands of Indonesians were driven off. Rail and road bridges had been destroyed in West Java. West of Lahat, in South Sumatra, Dutch troops dispersed a gang in the act of demolishing a bridge, the communique added.

PLEA FOR LIFTING BAN ON DUTCH SHIPPING.

MELOBOURNE, Aug. 11. (Reuter): When the Australian T. U. C. Executive met here to-day to review the Union's ban on Dutch shipping, the President reported that Mr. Joseph Chifley, Australian Premier, had asked for the ban to be lifted on economic grounds.

A. G. Kher Succeeds Mrs. Pandit As U.P. Minister

(From Our Correspondent.)

LUCKNOW, Aug. 11.

Mr. A. G. Kher was sworn in as the Minister for Local Self-Government and Public Health this morning by Sir Francis Wylie, the Governor. Mr. A. G. Kher succeeds Mrs. Vijayalaxmi Pandit havin worked as her Parliamentary Secr. y ever since the first Pant Government.

EGYPT'S CASE BEFORE U. N.

Nokrashy Pasha Warns Against Open Warfare If British Troops Fail To Quit

LAKE SUCCESS, August 11 (APA).—Egyptian Prime Minister Nokrashy Pasha today warned the United Nations Security Council that failure to get British troops out of Egypt may lead to open warfare against the "Tommies."

Declaring that the 20-year British-Egyptian treaty signed in 1936 had been "superceded by the United Nations Charter," the Premier sharply assailed British arguments that the Council should dismiss the case as groundless. The treaty gave Britain the right to station troops in Egypt. Nokrashy Pasha stressed four points: 'Firstly, the fact that a dispute exists; Secondly, the fact that the Egyptian Government made a determined and honest effort to settle the dispute by negotiation with the United Kingdom and this effort failed; Thirdly, the fact that the continuance of this dispute is likely to endanger the maintenance of peace and security not only in the Nile valley but throughout the Middle East; And Fourthly, the fact that conditions of stability and well being which are necessary for peaceful and friendly relations can be brought about in this part of the world only by complete withdrawal of British forces from Egyptian territory and the termination of the separatist British administration of the Sudan."

Nokrashy Pasha said that Britain had "been a stumbling block to our independence and national development for the last hundred years" and added that the real object of the treaty was to "enable the British to move their forces about in such a manner as to dominate Egypt from the ground and from the air."

Equal Rights To All

Jinnah's Assurance To Minorities In Pakistan

KARACHI, August 11. (A.P.I.): A promise of equal citizenship to all in Pakistan, irrespective of caste, creed or colour, was given by Mr. Mohammed Ali Jinnah, President of the Pakistan Constituent Assembly in his first presidential address from the chair today.

He was replying to congratulations showered upon him by his own party leaders and Opposition leaders on his unanimous election to the presidentship.

DIVISION OF INDIA

He advised the people to accept the division of India as the inevitable and only solution of the constitutional problem of India. He felt that any other idea of a united India would have led them to terrific disaster. He asked the minorities and others to bury the hatchet and work in a spirit of co-operation.

The exposition by Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan of the ideals for which the national flag of Pakistan stood impressed the Opposition and when the resolution for the adoption of the design was passed the Congress party leader Mr. Kiran Shanker Roy, declared amid applause "we accept this flag and will be loyal to it."

(See Page 5)

KASHMIR RULER FOR ACCESSION TO INDIAN UNION.

ALLAHABAD, Aug. 11. (U.P.I.): A proposal to hold a referendum to decide whether Kashmir should join the Indian Union or the Dominion of Pakistan—is under the active consideration of the Maharaja of Kashmir, according to a reliable report from the state, received here to-day.

The report adds that the Maharaja appears personally inclined against joining the Dominion of Pakistan.

Mahatma Tours Riot Areas

Police Fire Thirty-Two Rounds In Calcutta Incident

CALCUTTA, August 11, (A.P.I.): Mahatma Gandhi made a fifty-mile tour of disturbed areas in Calcutta today.

He was accompanied by the Chief Minister of West Bengal Mr. Praffulla Chandra Ghosh, the Mayor of Calcutta, Mr. S. C. Ray Choudhury, and former Mayor of Calcutta, Mr. S. M. Osman. The Commissioner of Police, Mr. S. N. Chatterjee, escorted the party.

In Chitpore area the party saw the remnants of some houses that had been destroyed by rioters. They also visited bustees and localities inhabited by mixed populations of both communities. Some houses had been vacated by their residents owing to the situation. At some places Mahatma Gandhi was given ovation by crowds which had assembled to have his darsan. In Beliaghata a crowd of several thousands which had gathered raised shouts of "Mahatma Gandhi-Ki-Jai".

A Bengal Government Press Note issued at 11 p.m. tonight on the situation in Calcutta and Howrah states:—

"Reports of fourteen incidents were received up to 9 p.m. day.

A serious case of rioting involving the use of bombs, brickbats and fire arms was reported from Entally Police Station area. The police fired 32 rounds to deal with the situation. Four persons were killed as a result of the police firing.

A bomb thrown at a bus in Tiltalla P.S. area resulted in injury to six persons. Four arrests were made in this connection.

The casualty figures according to reports received so far are seven dead and twenty-five injured.

The situation in Howrah showed some improvement. During the past 24 hours Howrah, however, reported eighteen incidents including cases of arson in vacant houses.

Prof. Rahim To Fast Unto Death

CALCUTTA, August 11, (A.P.I.): PROF. ABDUR RAHIM, A MEMBER OF THE COUNCIL OF THE ALL-INDIA MUSLIM LEAGUE AND FORMER MEMBER OF THE A.I.C.C. ANNOUNCES THAT HE WILL UNDERTAKE A FAST UNTO DEATH AFTER EVENING MEAL ON WEDNESDAY THE 13TH AUGUST. THE FAST IS BEING UNDERTAKEN IN CONNECTION WITH THE CALCUTTA COMMUNAL SITUATION. PROF. ABDUR RAHIM WILL SIT DHARNA IN A MOSQUE IN WELLINGTON SQUARE IN CENTRAL CALCUTTA, FOR THE FAST.

PAKISTAN - KALAT 'STAND-STILL AGREEMENT'

Legal Opinion Sought On Future Status

NEW DELHI, August 11. (A.P.I.): Legal opinion will be sought whether or not agreements of leases between the British Government and Kalat will be inherited by the Pakistan Government. Discussions will take place between Pakistan and Kalat at Karachi at an early date with a view to reaching decisions on Defence, External Affairs and Communications.

A Communique issued from the Viceroy's House says:—

As a result of a meeting held between a delegation from Kalat and officials of the Pakistan States Department, presided over by the Crown Representative, and of a series of meetings between the Crown Representative, the Khan of Kalat, and Mr. Jinnah, the following is the situation:

1. The Government of Pakistan recognises Kalat as an Independent Sovereign State in treaty relations with the British Government, with a status different from that of Indian States.

2. Legal opinion will be sought whether or not agreements of leases between the British Government and Kalat will be inherited by the Pakistan Government.

3. When this opinion has been received, further meetings will take place between representatives of Pakistan and the Khan of Kalat at Karachi.

4. Meanwhile, a Standstill Agreement has been made between Pakistan and Kalat.

5. Discussions will take place between Pakistan and Kalat at Karachi at an early date with a view to reaching decisions on Defence, External Affairs and Communications.

KAK QUITS KASHMIR PREMIERSHIP

SRINAGAR, August 11. (A.P.I.): Mr. Ramachandra Kak, Prime Minister Kashmir, has retired. General Janak Singh, a close relation of the ruling family was sworn in as temporary Prime Minister.

Mr. Kak's retirement was made public at mid-day just before General Janak Singh was sworn in.

Far-reaching political developments are expected. It is believed in political circles that political prisoners will soon be released and state policy regarding accession to the Indian Union will be decided.

General Janak Singh has a brilliant administrative and military record and for the last few years has been leading a quiet and retired life. During the Maharaja's absence from the State during the war General Janak Singh was a member of the Council of Regency.

FUTURE OF MALWAN

KOLHAPUR, August 10 (API).—Mr. A. B. Lathe, Constitutional Adviser, Kolhapur State, addressing a press conference last evening announced the entry of Kolhapur State into the Constituent Assembly and accession to the Indian Dominion.

Questioned about the future of Malwan, Mr. Lathe said that Malwan had been ceded to the British Government by a treaty and under Section 5 of that treaty the British Government had in return accepted responsibility for the defence of the State. He added that Sardar Patel had accepted the justice of the claim for Malwan in his discussions with him. The Viceroy, Lord Mountbatten in his address to the Princes on July 25 had announced that no financial burdens would be levied specially for defence on the States. The question of Malwan, therefore, did not arise at present.

Asked whether there were any other reasons for the delay in entering the Constituent Assembly, Mr. Lathe said that the question of the future of Malwan was not the only reason. The Maharaja of Kolhapur, because of his personal relationships with some of the rulers, had attempted to enter the Constituent Assembly along with them. But ultimately when he failed to persuade them he decided to go ahead alone.

Changes In British Cabinet Inevitable

Attlee's Move To Appease Labour Party Rebels

LONDON August 11. (Reuter): One third of the Labour members of Parliament are still dissatisfied with their Government's plans to fight the economic crisis.

ATTLEE FACES CRITICS

After the full party had held a special secret meeting to-day, at which Prime Minister Clement Attlee and his principal lieutenants faced outspoken criticism, it was learned to-night that the 150 or more Left Wingers who had intended to force a decision on nationalisation of the steel industry and on the size of Britain's armed forces are still not satisfied.

The Government's spokesmen are believed to have pleaded for more time to consider both questions and to have asked the rank and file of the party not to embarrass them by seeking to impose premature decisions. They were, however, left in no doubt that the malcontents number many more than have ever been mustered by previous "revolts" among Labourites in the present Parliament.

CABINET CHANGES INEVITABLE.

Experienced observers are now predicting as inevitable some changes in the Cabinet to meet the Party's mood.

The "keep Left" group of the Party, which includes some vigorous critics, is arranging to stay in as a committee during the Parliamentary recess which runs from next Wednesday until the last week in October. Members of this group are even taking their holidays on staggered system.

After to-day's secret meeting, Mr. Attlee and his colleagues returned to the House of Commons for another slogging match with the Opposition—both Conservative and Liberal—over the Government's Bill seeking emergency powers to meet the economic crisis. The Conservatives were moving wholesale amendments in a sitting which was expected to last till late to-night.

LONDON, Aug. 11. (Reuter): The text of the official statement after to-day's "crisis" meeting of the British Parliamentary Labour Party read: "At a meeting of the Parliamentary Labour Party held this morning—Mr. Maurice Webb, Member of Parliament in the chair—a discussion took place on the economic situation arising out of last week's debate in the House of Commons.

"The Prime Minister, the Rt. Hon. Mr. C. R. Attlee, Member of Parliament and Foreign Secretary, the Rt. Hon. Mr. Ernest Bevin replied to the discussion. There was also a discussion on the socialisation of the iron and steel industry to which the Lord President, the Rt. Hon. Mr. Herbert Morrison, replied".

The "BOMBAY CHRONICLE"
will issue
a "Freedom Supplement"
on 15th August

The issue of the "Bombay Chronicle" of 15th August, including the "Freedom Supplement", will be sold as usual for two annas. Book your order now.

The offices of the "Bombay Chronicle" will remain closed on Friday 15th August. There will, therefore, be no issue of the "Bombay Chronicle" on Saturday 16th August.

Crisis Bill In Commons

Opposition Amendments Defeated By 256 Votes To 125

LONDON, Aug. 11. (U.P.A.): Opposition Leader Winston Churchill told the Commons to-day that the Government's crisis bill, giving the Cabinet powers to deal with the economic emergency, was "a power such as no Government in this Island has ever before dared to demand except when the enemy's bayonets were at our throats."

The Commons, considering Opposition amendments to the Transitional Powers Bill, defeated by 256 to 125 the first Liberal Party amendment to "clarify" its provisions.

One Laborite back-bencher, Capt. A. R. Blackburn, said, "I propose to vote with the Opposition in this matter because this is a totalitarian measure."

Churchill introduced an amendment to delete from the Bill the statement that it is intended to insure that the country's full resources are used in the best interests of the community.

He criticized the power granted to the Government to shift workers from one job to another and said, "This press gang of snoopers is to go around the country to find means of taking working people from their existing conditions and sending them against their will or without their consent to other industries. You are endeavoring to establish serfdom of the working class in the time of peace without even giving them power be protected by Parliament."

BOMB EXPLOSIO IN CITY

BOMBAY, August 11 (API).—"An explosive was thrown by some mischief monger this morning but no one was injured," says the Director of Publicity, Government of Bombay, in a press note issued tonight.

The press note adds: "Two persons, one of them a Police Constable, were wounded by knife in the excitement that followed. The police fired three rounds to bring the situation under control. One person was killed in the firing.

"Three other stabbings were reported from Agripada, Dongri and Maharbourie. One of the attacks proved fatal. The assailant in one of the attacks in Pydhoni has been arrested."

Udaipur Joins Indian Union

UDAIPUR, August 11 (API).—The Maharana of Udaipur has signed the Instrument of Accession.

LATEST COMMERCIAL

NEW YORK, Aug. 11.
NEW YORK COTTON (OCTOBER)

Previous Closing	33.23
Today's Opening	33.33
Difference	+.07
Today's Closing	33.40
Difference	—.50

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE
NEW YORK, Aug. 11

New York Stock Exchange Opening prices.

Anaconda Copper Mining 35-1/2
General Motors 59
United States Steel Corporation 71
United States Steel Preference unquoted.

LATEST QUOTATIONS
BOMBAY, Aug. 11

Cotton Sept.	433	12
Silver Shrawan	113	5
Gold Forward	109	14
Silver Tulsia		
Shrawan	113	5
Sovereign	32	2

Chandarana Bag Triple Crown

ST. XAVIER COLLEGE TABLE-TENNIS

BOMBAY, Monday.

The St. Xavier College Table Tennis Tournament once again ended in a blaze of glory for Chandarana who bagged the triple crown for the recored year in succession. In the singles event he swept the younger Kapadia off the table and the loser was able to collect only 6 points in the third game. In the paired event Chandarana ably partnered by Kirloskar made short work of the Kapadia brothers to win all the three events.

The final of the women's singles event was long drawn and far less interesting than the sure indicates. Both the players concentrated on returning the ball on the table and made that their prime object. Often the game degenerated into pat-ball.

The following are the results:—

Men's Singles (Final): U. M. Chandarana beat D. H. Kapadia 21-12, 21-15, 21-6.

Ladies Singles (Final): Mrs. Nasikwalla beat Mrs. Cama 21-19, 16-21, 21-14, 17-21, 21-11.

Men's Doubles (Finals): Chandarana and Kirloskar beat D. H. Kapadia and K. H. Kapadia 21-17, 21-13, 21-14.

Junior's Singles (Final): Seth beat Jacob 26-24, 18-21, 21-18.

COLOMBO RACES POSTPONED

COLOMBO, August 11, (A.P.I.) Third Day Colombo Races for Tuesday have been postponed to Monday August 18 owing to heavy rain.

Doncaster To Consider Evening Racing

DONCASTER, (Reuter): Lord Rosebery, senior steward to the Jockey Club, has suggested that Doncaster Race Committee might consider the introduction of evening racing if it would assist in encouraging local production.

Doncaster is in the heart of the Yorkshire coalfield and it is felt that the experiment might help in preventing absenteeism in the mines.

Evening races would not be possible this year, as the next meeting is in September, but the Race committee may consider a late start for this fixture.

Takings at Doncaster races on Saturday were £12,000 when there was an attendance of 25,000.

Went To Work On 100th Birthday

NEW YORK. (Reuter): Mr. Edwin Fisher celeorated his 100th anniversary in his New York office. Retired at 70 from the municipal Service, he asked to be allowed to continue working without pay.

He is now at work on a history of river bridges.

Andheri Christians To Celebrate Independence Day

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

ANDHERI, Aug. 11.

The Amboli Christian Association at a meeting held last night decided to celebrate the Independence Day on the 15th of August. In the morning, there will be a Thanksgiving Service and in the afternoon the new National Flag will be hoisted at the local Recreation Club. In commemoration of this Day, the ceremony of tree planting will take place and this will we followed by a Social. All private houses and the Church will be illuminated at night.

Assumption Of Power Meeting

Consembly To Start It With Vande Mataram

NEW DELHI, Aug. 11 (API): The assumption of Power Meeting of the Constituent Assembly at 11 p.m. on August 14 will begin with the singing of the 'Vande Mataram' by the Congress President's wife, Mrs. Sucheta Kripalani.

This will be followed by a short address to the House by the President, Dr. Rajendra Prasad.

The members will rise in their seats after this and stand up for two minutes in memory of those who have died in the struggle for freedom in India and elsewhere.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru will next move a resolution embodying the oath of allegiance to be taken by all members of the Assembly.

DRAFT-RESOLUTION

The following is the text of the draft-resolution: "Resolved that after the last stroke of midnight, all members of the Constituent Assembly present on the occasion do take the following pledge: :

"At this solemn moment when the people of India, by their suffering and sacrifice, have secured freedom and become masters of their own destiny, I ....., a member of the Constituent Assembly of India, do dedicate myself to the service of India and her people to the end that this ancient land attain its rightful and honoured place in the world and make its full and willing contribution to the promotion of world peace and welfare of mankind".

Members not present on the occasion will take the pledge at subsequent sessions.

After this resolution is passed, as the clock strikes twelve at midnight, led by the President Dr. Rajendra Prasad all the members will rise in their seats and take the pledge simultaneously.

The President will then propose that the Viceroy be intimated that the Constituent Assembly of India has assumed power for the governance of India and that the Assembly has endorsed the recommendation that Lord Mountbatten be Governor-General of India from the 15th of August 1947.

Mrs. Hansa Mehta will then present a National Flag to the Assembly on behalf of the women of India.

The session will end with the singing by Mrs. Sucheta Kripalani of the first few lines of "Sare Jahan Se Achcha Hindustan Hamara" and "Janagana Mana Adhinayaka Jaya He".

The President, Dr. Rajendra Prasad and Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru will then proceed to the Viceroy's House to intimate Lord Mountbatten of the assumption of power by the Assembly and of his being chosen as the Governor-General of India.

SETH DALMIA'S TUNE: "SAVE THE COW"

M.P.s Refused Pay Rise

CANBERRA, (Reuter): At least seven members of the Federal Parliament do not wish to accept the salary increase of £500 a year authorised by a recent Act.

Neither do they want to pay tax on the increase.

The best legal brains in Australia have been puzzled to find a way to reconcile these two desires.

The seven members who were in this awkward dilemma were the Leader of the Opposition, Mr. Menzies, the Deputy Leader, Mr. Harrison, Messrs. White, Ryan, and Guilett (Liberal), and Abbott and Turnbull (Country Party).

Mr. Harrison said that he had executed a deed formally dissociating himself from the £500 increase in his M.P.'s pay.

The Commissioner had agreed to accept this deed and to assess his income-tax on a Parliamentary Salary of £1,000 a year only.

Mr. Menzies and the other members concerned were executing similar deeds, Mr. Harrison said.

He Breathed Through Hose

NEW YORK (Reuter): Eugene Mosey, 30-year-old worker, was saved from certain death by breathing through a hose when twenty tons of pulverized coal piled up above him.

Mosey slipped from a ramp and fell against a pile of coal which buried him for one hour and a half. He was saved by fellow workers who threw him an eight-foot length of garden hose through which he was able to breathe while they shovelled the coal away.

Juhu's New President

(From Our Correspondent.)

VILE PARLE, Aug. 11.

At a special general meeting of the Juhu Municipality held last week-end, Mr. J. Cresdo was elected President of the Municipality for the remaining term of the Municipal Board which expires next May in place of the late Prof. Daulatrao Rane who suddenly died last month.

BIG FOREST FIRE CHECKED BY RAIN

LOS ANGELES, August 8, (U. P. A.). Rains today checked a brush and timber fire in the Big Tujunga Canyon within 24 hours after the fire fighters tried to halt it by starting a rainstorm with dry ice.

Heavy showers quenched the flames crackling in the area of 4,200 acres.

A helicopter pilot dropped containers of food to give 166 men in the mountain section their first hot breakfast in three days this morning.

The Red Cross treated 168 for burns, heat prostration and other injuries and navy corpsmen treated another 49. Two men were killed in fighting Big Tujunga Canyon's worst fire in 24 years.

Pilot Mantz dropped 150 pounds of dry ice pellets from his plane into the clouds yesterday in an effort to produce a rainstorm over the fire.

REASONS FOR EBB IN PRODUCTION

A. D. Shroff Enumerates Factors Contributing To Present Industrial Situation

BOMBAY, Monday.

"The country today is confronted with very serious problem of gradually diminishing production all round and very urgent measures will have to be taken to increase production", said Mr. A. D. Shroff in the course of an address this afternoon at the School of Economics and Sociology of the University of Bombay.

He said that the most important factor which was beyond the control of the Government of India was the labour situation. Whilst he had, he said, fullest sympathy with working classes in their hardships, there was no defence or justification for increased absence or slow-down tactics or for the resort to violence to enforce all demands made by the labour. He thought that the Government would view the problem with the amount of seriousness it deserved.

According to Mr. Shroff another factor for the decrease in the production was the budget of the Government framed early this year. He supported any measures for direct taxation. He feared that shortage of capital would be one of the greatest headaches for the country. "The rapid development of this country will be seriously prejudiced, warned Mr. Shroff, "if the import of foreign capital is to be banned in this country.

He deplored the absence of adequate statistical data on which alone a sound economic policy could be based. He criticised action of the Madras Government against textile industry and campaigns against manufacture of Vanaspati and for the removal of Salt Tax.

In conclusion, Mr. Shroff emphasised the need for the creation of the administrative machinery handled by trained personnel to tackle the economic policy of the country.

A PLEA FOR JUSTICE

(BY NARAYAN H. PANDIA, VICE-PRESIDENT, BOMBAY CIVIL LIBERTIES UNION.)

On August, 15, dawns a new and happy era in the life of our country. For that day will mark the beginning of the end of an alien bureaucratic rule and the ushering in of rule by democratic methods. On behalf of the Bombay Civil Liberties' Union I heartily welcome the advent of the new India that is to be.

There is, and rightly, a feeling of general rejoicing in our land over this momentous development. The reported decision of the Ministry to release hundreds of prisoners in a general amnesty will be in keeping with the greatness of the occasion. I heartily welcome this gesture introducing the new era.

But amidst all this rejoicing, sad relics of the past come to the mind. One is reminded of the fact that in hundreds of households of the Varlis in Thana of the peasants and workers in Khandesh and Karwar, there will be no rejoicing on this day. For them August 15th will be no better than any other day of misery, suffering and separation from their near and dear ones, their bread-winners, who are either arrested, detained or externed.

Sad memories of the past haunt the mind when one thinks of the numerous Kisan Sabha and Trade Union leaders who were, without trial, externed, and who continue to be externed, uprooted from soil that gave them birth.

Test For Ministry

One cannot forget that despite the report of a responsible organisation like the Maharashtra Provincial Congress Committee to the contrary, a state of Emergency continues to exist in Thana District for the last nine months. That to this day Varli kisans are being arrested or detained on unproved charges. The Bombay Civil Liberties Union considers this circumstance a blemish which could and should be avoided by liberal action.

All fighters for freedom, all lovers of liberties will like to put the Ministry to this test. Is the reported amnesty going to include all these hundreds of men whose only "crime" has been that they form the underdogs of society and are striving sincerely and earnestly to better their lot?

If the day is to mark as it must, the end of the ugly past, then the Ministry could make the best beginning by restoring normal conditions in these districts, giving an opportunity to these hundreds of men to live the normal life that was theirs so far and to which they are legitimately entitled.

The Civil Liberties Union hopes and prays that Ministry will rise to the occasion and order the immediate and unconditional withdrawal of the State of Emergency in Thana District, withdraw externment orders on kisan and trade union leaders in districts of Karwar, Thana, Khandesh and Ahmednagar, release all the Varlis and withdraw all cases against them thereby opening a way to mutual understanding and trust essential for restoring healthy social conditions, the economic progress and happiness of the whole community.

Mrs. Pandit On Soviet And India's New Role

MOSCOW, Aug. 11, (Reuter). Mrs. Vijayalakshmi Pandit India's first ambassador to the Soviet Union, told correspondents today: "I have come to the U.S.S.R. with a message of cordial greetings and goodwill from the people of India to the people of this great country."

"We feel we have a special link with the U.S.S.R., since both India and Russia have shown the capacity to blend and harmonise different races and civilisations," Mrs. Pandit said.

"We hope this aptitude may be utilised in a wider sphere and that jointly with the other friends nations of the world we may strive to establish a new age of freedom, justice and peace for humanity.

"It will be my endeavour to interpret to my own countrymen and women the hopes and aspirations of the people of Russia. Jai Hind (Long Live India.)"

Bombay Govt.'s Warning To Hooligans

BOMBAY, Aug. 11 (UPI).—The Director of Publicity, Government of Bombay, has issued the following statement to the press:

"Instances have come to the notice of the Government of Bombay in the last few days of deliberate hooliganism by a few mischievous persons to disturb the public peace and to create an atmosphere of panic.

"These mischief-makers, though small in number, are at work both in the city of Bombay and in some districts centres with the avowed intention of marrying the Independence Day celebrations.

"The Government of Bombay wishes to take the earliest opportunity to assure the public of the Bombay City and of the Province that the severest measures will be taken against trouble-makers who disturb the public mind by spreading rumours or instigating or committing anti-social acts. At the same time, the Government appeal to the public not to believe baseless rumours or give way to panic and thus unwittingly encourage the undesirable elements.

Concluding the statement says: "The Government's advice to the public is is: "Do not play into the hands of mischief-mongers and help them succeed in their unworthy aim by retaliation and violence, co-operate with the Government by giving prompt information of incidents, if any, to the police and thus bring the offenders to book."

Report For Shareholders Only:

MINING CORPORATION LIMITED

Regd. Office: GROSVENOR HOUSE," 21, OLD COURT HOUSE ST., CALCUTTA.—1

WORKSHOPS

1. SHAPUR, Calcutta.
2. SARAI ROHILLA, Delhi.

17, York Road, NEW DELHI, 23rd. April, 1947

"...It (Nuven F Ovens) is a simple and yet ingenious contrivance which is cheap and suitable even for the ordinary villager. The fact that it consumes much less fuel than ordinary ovens is greatly in its favour. It should prove useful to small households."

Jawaharlal Nehru

Jawaharlal Nehru

SITE FOR COKEOVEN

JHARIA, E. I. R.

"I have tested Coke dust Briquettes prepared by M/S. Mining Corpn. Ltd. ..") hope this kind of briquettes will receive wide application for domestic cooking pur pose

M. N. Saha

D. Sc. F.R.S. Palit Professor of Physics, Calcutta

1.5.'47.

"There is a great demand of these ovens in the market as it consumes 50 p.c. less fuel than other ovens

Sd/- CAPT. GHOSE. Deputy Director of fuels Bengal

25.2.'47.

The Company has undertaken the construction of a battery of coke ovens to Carbonise 500 tons of coal per day and byproduct plants (i) to recover and refine Benzole and Naphthalene, (ii) for the distillation of Coal tar and (iii) for the manufacture of ammonium Sulphate Negotiations are proceeding with Messrs Simon Curves Ltd of England, who have submitted the plans and estimates which are being scrutinised by Dr. A. K. Saha, D.Sc., (U.S.S.R.) the Chief Technical Adviser of the Company

The Company has undertaken large scale production of coal and coke dust Briquettes and Nuven (F) Ovens at Delhi and Calcutta

It is expected that it may be possible for the shareholders to declare a Dividend on the Company's working up to 31st. December, 1947

"I am glad to learn that M/S. Mining Corpn. Ltd. have undertaken to enrich low grade coal and to recover and utilise the byproducts." .. "I wish success to this enterprise"

G. Bardoloi

Prime Minister, Assam.

25.4.47.

"I welcome and bless the activities of the Mining Corpn. Ltd." "The venture is new and the move is in the right direction."

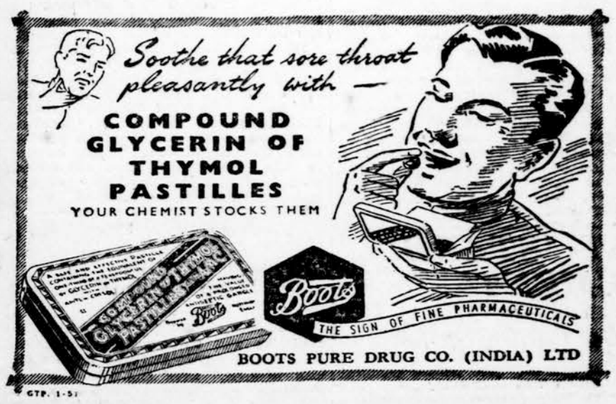
Sd/- BISWANATH DAS (Ex-Prime Minister Orissa.)

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

1. DIWAN CHAMAN LALL, Bar-at-law M.L.A. (Central) New Delhi
2. Sri. MOHAN LALL SAKSENA, M.L.A. (Central) U.P.
3. Sri J. G. BANERJI, Mining Engineer Calcutta
4. Sri. ROHINI KUMAR CHOWDHURY M.L.A., (Central), Ex-Minister Assam
5. Sri. SASANKA SEKHAR SANYAL M.L.A., (Central), Bengal
6. Sri. P. BRAHMA CALCUTTA
7. Sri. D. N. CHATTERJI, F.R.E.S. (LOND) Ex-Officio, Calcutta

NEO-TRADERS LTD.

MG. AGENTS


Soothe that sore throat pleasantly with —
COMPOUND GLYCERIN OF THYMOL PASTILLES
YOUR CHEMIST STOCKS THEM
Boots
THE SIGN OF FINE PHARMACEUTICALS
BOOTS PURE DRUG CO. (INDIA) LTD
GTP. 1-51

INDIA'S CHARTER OF FREEDOM

Speech on the Objective Resolution by The Honourable Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, delivered in the Constituent Assembly on the 13th December, 1946.

Available on

"HIS MASTER'S VOICE" Records.

In English: N16804 to N16807

In Hindustani: N16808 to N16809

"HIS MASTER'S VOICE"

THE GRAMOPHONE CO., LTD. Dum Dum - Bombay - Madras - Delhi - Lahore

AIR SERVICES OF INDIA, LTD.

BOMBAY–BHAVNAGAR

by DAKOTA in 1¼ hours.

MONDAYS—THURSDAYS—SATURDAYS

07.45	Dep.	BOMBAY	Arr. 11.15
09.00	Arr.	BHAVNAGAR	Dep. 10.00

Fare Rs. 53/-

ALSO **BOMBAY–PORBANDAR**

by DAKOTA in 2 hours.

TUESDAYS—FRIDAYS

Fare Rs. 70/-

THE SCINDIA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

Phones: 21919 SCINDIA HOUSE, 25744 MANDVI, 236 JUH

Telegrams: "AIRTAXIES".

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra

on 18 April, 2017

WHOLE FAMILY WITH INDIGESTION

Suffered Whatever They Ate

ALL RIGHT AGAIN NOW

A mother of four writes:— "Myself and family of four all seemed to suffer from acidity, pains in the back, and other forms of indigestion. I suffered whatever I ate. But since we have been taking Kruschen (for the last three months) we can eat anything, and all enjoy our food much better. We never have a trace of acidity or pain now. I think it is wonderful — it has no upsetting results. Whatever we may have to go without, we could not give up Kruschen."— (Mrs.) M. K.

When your gastric —or digestive— juices fail to flow, your food, instead of being assimilated by your system, simply collects and stagnates inside you, producing harmful acid poisons. What you need is a tonic —Nature's own tonic — Nature's mineral salts.

You get all these mineral salts in Kruschen and each one of them has an action of its own. The first effects of these salts is to promote the flow of the saliva and so awaken the appetite. The next action occurs in the stomach, where the digestive juices are encouraged to pour out and act upon the food. Again, in the intestinal tract certain of these salts promote a further flow of the vital juices which deal with partly digested food and prepare it finally for absorption into the system.

Kruschen Salts is sold by all chemists and dealers, price Re. 1/10 per bottle.

A Picture for Classes and Masses

NEEL KAMAL

Direction: KEDAR SHARMA

LAMINGTON

4, 6-45, 9-30

Ad. Booking 10 to 11-30 and 4-30 to 6

SONG OF THE NATION SUNG BY THE PEOPLE in JAYASHAKTI'S

MERA GEET

Produced by: RAMESH GUPTA

*

Direction: SHANTI KUMAR

AT

SWASTIK

From FRIDAY, 15TH August

*

Cast:

NASEEM Jnr. SUSHIL KUMAR

Book in Advance 10 to 12 & 3 to 6

(MANEKLAL CHUNILAL & SONS Release)

The LOVE to HUM MADHOK'S MELODIOUS SONGS! ..... in .....

JAMUNA'S Musical

SURAIYA, MOTILAL, KARAN DIWAN.

with Pt. Badri Prasad & Gulab AT

NEW WEST END

Daily: 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.

Sun. Holidays mat. at 1 p.m.

Adv. Booking 10 to 12: 4 to 6 p.m.

NO COMPULSORY HARTAL

B.P.C.C. Chief On Aug. 15 Programmes

Mr. S. K. Patil, President of the B.P.C.C., in a Press Statement writes:

Enquiries are being made at the Congress House whether it is necessary to have a complete stoppage of business otherwise known as 'hartal' on the 15th and 16th of August. These days are days for joy and jubilation. There is, therefore, no question of any hartal or compulsory stoppage of business. Non-essential business may be suspended on these days (15th and 16th) to enable employees to take part in the Celebrations. But all that must be voluntary and by mutual adjustment. Essential business such as eating houses, restaurants, vegetable markets, etc., must be kept open at least for some hours each day. Decoration and illumination also cannot be properly organised unless business premises are kept open for some time. All this is a matter for adjustment and I have no doubt it will be done in a spirit of perfect understanding and mutual accommodation.

MODI BISCUIT CO., MODINAGAR, U.P.

RSP 152

LOCAL AGENTS

M/s. DEAN & WEBBER, Hassan Chamber, Parsee Bazar Street, BOMBAY

M/s. TWILIGHT CORPORATION, Esplanade Mansion, Fort, BOMBAY

M/s. VIJAI VARIETY TRADING CO. SHOLAPUR.

THE SQUANDERER could have been excused in the good old days of plenty. But to-day with economy as the watchword it is vital to save even the smallest bits and pieces of

HAMAM & 501 SOAPS

THE TATA OIL MILLS COMPANY LTD.

CITY & SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Adhik Shravan Vad 11, 2003.
Muslim: Ramzan 24, 1366.
Parsi: Aspandarmad 13, 1316.
Sunrise: 6-18 a.m. Sunset: 7-09 p.m.
Hightide: 08-40, 19-35. Lowtide: 01-24, 14-42.

IMPROVEMENT COMMITTEE 4 p.m. (B.T.).

NOTICE TO JURORS

Special Jurors' attention is drawn to the notice appearing in the Public Notifications Column.

Today's Engagements

B. P. STUDENTS' CONGRESS. Mr. V. L. Mehta Finance Minister, Bombay, on 'A Plea for Decentralized Economy' at St. Xavier College Hall today at 5-30 p.m. Fr. Cozme, Principal of Xavier College, will preside.

COMMUNIST MEETING: Under the auspices of the Bombay Committee of the Communist Party of India, a public meeting will be held at the Marwari Vidyalaya Hall, Girgaum today (Tuesday) at 6-30 p.m. in connection with the preparation of the Independence Day. Com. L. K. Oak Secretary, Bombay Committee of the Party will preside and Com. B. T. Ranadive will speak, on "the Mountbatten Plan and 15th August".

AZAD SEVA DAL: Meeting of Executive Committee today at 10-30 a.m. at the Dal's Office.

GATHA SOCIETY MEETING: Today at 6 p.m. at the K. R. Cama Oriental Institute Library Hall, Apollo Street. Dasturji Bode on Gatha Ahunavaiti Yasna Ha 33.

BOMBAY KERALEEYA SAHITYA SAMITI: Public reception to Sjt. Ponkunnam Varkey (well-known Literary writer of Kerala) at 8-30 p.m. today at the Podar College, Matunga.

B. P. S. C. EXECUTIVE: Urgent meeting of Executive Committee today at 6-30 p.m. in the Office (R. L. Trust Hostel, Opera House).

FORDS (INDIA AND CEYLON): Ford organisations throughout India and Ceylon will be closing on Tuesday as a mark of respect o the late Wallace R. Campbell, Chairman of the Ford Company of Canada, who died on Sunday.

Mr. Campbell was one of the earliest associates of Henry Ford and was associated with the Ford Company since 1905. He was also Chairman of the War Production Board of Canada during the war.

AFRICA & OVERSEAS MERCHANTS CHAMBER: The Chief Controller of Exports, Mr. M. E. Rahman, along with Mr. Mathur, Export Trade Controller, met the Managing Committee of Africa and Overseas Merchants Chamber on Monday and discussed export trade questions relating to East Africa, Belgian Congo and other overseas countries for an hour and a half. The President of the Chamber, Mr. Dawood Hajee Nasser, stressed the desirability of discontinuing Export Price Control and of sending a Trade Delegation East Africa as soon as possible. Mr. Rahman promised to submit some of the points raised during the discussion for the consideration of the Commerce authorities after his return to New Delhi.

PROGRESSIVE GROUP: Special Independence Week Meeting at Green's today at 6-15 p.m. Mr. K. M. Munshi will speak on "The Dawn of Independence.

FAREWELL TO KARANJIA

Under the auspices of the Industries-Supplies and Allied Office's Staff Union a General Meeting of all Members of the Staff will be held today (Tuesday) at 5-30 p.m. at the Cama Hall to give farewell to Mr. R. K. Karanjia, the President on his tour to Europe and Russia commencing on August 14.

Messrs. Asoka Mehta, Dinker Desai, Rajani Patel will address.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

TUESDAY, August 12.

244 m. (1,231 kc/s)—7-30 a.m. Swar Kalika (by D'Amel 7.40 News (M) 7-50 News (G) 8-0 News (E) 8-15 News (H) 8-30 Pannalal Ghosh (Bansari par Bibhas) 8-45 Umedbhai Manjar (Gujarati Geet, (Narsinh Mehta) 9-0 Wamanrao Sadolikar (Deskar).

12 Variety programme (G) 12-45 News (M) 12-50 News (G) 12-55 Apni Pasand 1-25 News (H) 1-30 News (E) 1-40 Lunch-Hour Music 4-20 School Broadcast (E) 5-0 Pannalal Ghosh drabad per Gaud Sarana) 5-15 MU-ID, drabad Jamboikar (vocal) 5-30 Radhabai Rao (Marathi songs) 5-45 Topic of Day 5-55 Locals 6-0 News (E) 6-10 News (H) 6-15 Mohammad Rafi (Ghazal-aur Geet) 6-30 C. S. Deshpande (Bageshri) 6-45 Radhabai Rao (Marathi songs) 7 0 Mohammad Rafi (Thumri aur Geet) 7-15 Pannalal Ghosh (Bansari par Purva Kalyan) 7-30 Arogavimacha prashna by Shanta Mukharjee (M) 7-45 Filmi Duniya 8-0 News (M) 8-15 News (G) 8-30 Gujarati Rupak 9-0 News (E) 9-15 News (H) 9-30 B. B. C. News 9-40 Programme Parade 9-45 Mystic temperament: Talk by Sulabha Panandikar 10-0 Chandrabai Jamboliker (Vocal) 10-30 Wamanrao Sadolikar (Sawni Nat).

Weather News For Farmers

Forecast till the morning of August 13:—

Rainfall will be fairly widespread and light to moderate in the Konkan-patti. Local thunder-showers are also likely in the Bombay Karnatak, Mawal, Desh, Khandesh and the Hyderabad State. Scattered showers are also likely in Gujarat and Soreth, Goheiwad and Jhalawad divisions of Kathiawar.

Outlook for subsequent 2 days: Rainfall will decrease in Khandesh, Desh and Mawal. Elsewhere no large change is expected.

FORECAST UNTIL THE 12TH EVENING: Rainfall will be fairly widespread in the Peninsula south of lat. 17 degreese north, in the north Konkan, the north Bombay Deccan, west Central India, east Bengal and along the submontane regions from the east Punjab to Assam. Thunder showers will occur locally in east Gujarat, south-east Rajputana, the plains of of the east Punjab, Kashmir and at a few stations in west Bengal, Chotanagpur, the north Central Provinces, east Central India and the plains of the United Provinces

HEAVY RAINFALL WARNING: Isolated heavy showers are likely in the south Deccan, Kanara and along the Punjab-Kumaon hills within the next 48 hours.

Mr. Mangaldas Pakvasa addressing a meeting of the workers of the Bombay City Adult Education Committee on Sunday.

B. P. C. C. Programme For August 15

The following Programme for the Celebration of 15th August has been issued from the Congress House:—

11 p.m. (Thursday, August 14)—at the Congress House: Chanting of hymns from the Vedas and invoking God's blessings for India's Independence.

12 mid-night (14/15th August)—Advent of Independence to be signalled by simultaneous blowing of sirens by mills, factories, trains and ships in the territorial waters of the city.

5 a.m. (15th August)—National Flag (electrically lit) to be displayed on the Secretariat, Congress House, Gateway of India, the Taj and other important places. Illuminations also to start from this hour.

6 a.m.—Prabhat Pheries with musical instruments carrying the National Flag to move through the important streets of Bombay.

7 a.m.—Hoisting the National Flag on houses and residential premises.

8 a.m.—Public Flag Salutation: Main Functions at Gowalia Tank Maidan for the South of Bombay and at Kamgar Madan for the North of Bombay.

8-15 a.m.—Reading of the Independence Pledge after the Flag Salutation Ceremony.

9 a.m.—Unfurling of the National Flag at the Main Municipal Building (Bori Bunder) by the Mayor of Bombay. Also Flag Salutation of other public institutions at their own premises.

9-30 a.m.—Public Garlanding of the Statues of National Heroes.

10-35 a.m.—Salvo of gun-fire.

12 noon—Two minutes' silence in honour of the martyrs of freedom. All traffic to be at a standstill during that period.

2-30 p.m.—Independence Procession for the South of Bombay to assemble at Gowalia Tank Maidan.

3 p.m.—The Procession on march by the folowing route:—

Gowalia Tank Road, Nana's Chowk, Kennedy Bridge, Sandhurst Road, V. J. Patel Road, C. P. Tank and Bhuleshwar, Bambakhana, Kalbadevi Road, Dhobi Talao, Mahatma Gandhi Road, Flora Fountain, Churchgate Street, Mayo Road and Oval.

3 p.m. Independence Procession for the North of Bombay to assemble at Nare Park (Parel).

3-30 p.m.—The North of Bombay Procession on march by the following route:—

Nare Park, Government Gate Road, Lal Baug Corner, Parel Road, Elphinstone Bridge, Dhan Mill Corner, Gokhale Road South, Portuguese Church, Dadar Road, Ranade Road, Lady Jamshedji Road and Shivaji Park.

5-30 p.m.—The South of Bombay Procession would terminate at the Oval Maidan, opposite Secretariat.

6 p.m.—Main Function at the Oval Maidan: Saluting the National Flag, Troops Parade, &c.

6 p.m.—The North of Bombay Procession would terminate at Shivaji Park.

6-30 p.m.—Pubic Meeting at Shivaji Park: Saluting the National Flag, taking the Independence Pledge and short speeches by Leaders.

9 p.m.—Fire Works from Chaupatty and Shivaji Park.

BOMBAY, August 11, (U.P.I.): A Congress House announcement says: "It has been reported in a section of the local Press that there will be two elephants in the 'Independence Day' procession and these will be mounted by the Premier and the President of the B.P.C.C. This report is unauthorised and unfounded".

DEO DEPLORES SOCIALIST TREND

New Campaign Decidedly In Direct Opposition To Congress, He Says

BOMBAY, August 11. (A.P.I.): Mr. Shankarrao Deo, General Secretary of the Congress, in a statement here said that if the Socialists were abjuring the path of co-operation with the Congress, it would be fitting that they ceased to be members of the Congress.

Mr. Deo said: "The recent speeches of Shri. Jaiprakash Narayan at Bombay and Ahmedabad clearly mark the inauguration of a campaign for the forthcoming elections under the new constitution. These speeches drive one to the conclusion that the Socialist party seems to have decided to function not as a group within the Congress, but as a group bent on direct opposition to it.

"The specific evils of the present Indian society which Shri Jaiprakash has pointed out and for which he has condemned the present Congress Governments both at the Centre and in the provinces, are really inherent in the post-war period of transition and dislocation.

"Mere catchwords or promises to bring heaven on earth if power is given may be good as election slogans, but certainly they are no substitutes for laying down the solid foundations of a great nation".

"FIRST BOY SCOUT GOVERNOR"

Felicitations To "Peace-Maker" Pakvasa

BOMBAY, Monday.

The Hon. Mr. Mangaldas Pakvasa, Governor-designate for C.P. and Berar was described as "the First Boy Scout Governor" in an address presented by the Hindustan Scout Association at a rally of the Association held this evening in his honour at the Gilder Tank Maidan. Mr. Morarji Desai Home Minister of Bombay presided.

Presenting the address, Mr. Vaidyanathan Hon. Secretary of the Provincial Association conferred on Mr. Pakvasa the title of "The Friend of Youth." He added that Mr. Pakvasa had earned the name of "Peace Maker" by his incessant intercession in labour disputes and strikes. Concluding he wished the Governor-designate success in his new task.

Mrs. Khadija Shuffi Tyabji, Principals M. Donde, S. Shrinivas Aiyer, M. T. Vyas and Dhirubhai Desai in their speeches recalled Mr. Pakvasa's services to the scout movement and expressed that he would not forget the Association even he was preoccupied with his new duties.

Mr. Pakvasa replying said that the ideals of service and sacrifice represented in the scout movement should be ideals of all publicmen. He exhorted the scouts to fulfil the task that would devolve on them in the India of tomorrow.

CLAIM TO "GADI"

Suit Dismissed

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Chagla).

Vithalrao alias Bhausaheb Parashuramrao Pant Pratinidhi of Aundh .. Plaintiff.

vs.

The Secretary of State .. Defendant.

The suit had been filed for a declaration that in view of the recognized custom of primogeniture applicable to the succession to the "gadi" of Aundh State, the defendant had no right to recognize a member of the junior branch as the Raja of Aundh and that the plaintiff's right to succeed as a lineal male descendant of the eldest branch was not affected, and for other ancillary reliefs.

One Gopalkrishnarao being deposed from the throne of Aundh in 1909, the Paramount Power appointed one Bhawanrao to the 'gadi.' The plaintiff was then 15 years of age. In March 1941 he filed the present suit contending that he should have been appointed Raja of Aundh in 1909.

The suit had been filed in the Court of the Civil Judge (Senior Division) at Poona. On an application by the defendant and on his undertaking not to ask for costs and to contribute Rs. 2,500 towards the plaintiff's own costs, the suit had been transferred to the Original Side of the High Court on the ground that it involved important questions of constitutional law.

The suit came up before Mr. Justice Chagla on Monday. The main issue raised by the defendant was the subject-matter of the suit was non-justiceable as the act of the Government as a Paramount Power was an Act of State over which Municipal Courts had no jurisdiction. On behalf of the plaintiff it was contended that Aundh was not a State but a Jagir and there could not be an Act of State in respect of it.

His Lordship remarked that as there was nothing against the plaintiff, the maintenance allowance of Rs. 200/- per month which was being paid to the plaintiff by the Government was very inadequate and he hoped that the Government would consider sympathetically the question of granting a substantial increase in that allowance. Counsel for the defendant assured the Court that this expression of his Lordship's opinion would be conveyed to the Government. At that stage the plaintiff submitted to a dismissal of his suit.

Dr. B. R. Ambedkar, Mr. M. B. Samarth and Mr. L. P. Pendse instructed by Messrs. K. J. Kale and Co. appeared for the plaintiff.

Mr. G. N. Joshi and the Advocate-General instructed by Mr. D. F. Sethna, Solicitors to the Central Government at Bombay, appeared for the defendant.

BOOKLAND

A WORLD OF ART ON THE SHELVES OF BOOKLAND

WORLD HISTORY OF ART: by CHEYNEY Rs. 24/-
ARTS AND MAN: Stites Rs. 30/-
CONTEMPORARY ARTS: by FROST Rs. 16/-
STUDIO SECRETS: by TAUBES Rs. 14/-
COLOUR AND METHOD IN PAINTING: by WATSON Rs. 26/-
WATER COLOUR DEMONSTRATED by WATSON etc. Rs. 20/-
HUMAN FIGURE: by VANDERPOLEL Rs. 14/-
CARTOONS FOR EVERYBODY: by LARDAN Rs. 7/-
AND MANY OTHERS

NATIONAL HOUSE, TULLOCH RD., APOLLO BUNDER, BOMBAY1

REPORT FOR SHAREHOLDERS ONLY:

Bengal cotton

CULTIVATION & MILLS LTD.

GARDEN: Bengal Cotton Estate, Tripura State.

REGD. OFFICE "GROSVENOR HOUSE" 21, Old Court House St., CALCUTTA—1.

MILL SONARPUR, 24 Parga.

BLESSINGS OF

NETAJI

SUBHAS CHANDRA BOSE

I am glad to know that the Bengal Cotton Cultivation and Mills Ltd., are attempting the cultivation of long-staple cotton in Bengal. Without long-staple cotton, it is impossible for modern textile industry to flourish. I therefore wish the concern all success in its worthy enterprise. Mr. D. N. Chatterji, the Managing Director of the firm has two years' practical experience in the production of long-staple cotton and under his guidance the experiment should succeed.

38/2, Elgin Road, CALCUTTA. 16-1-41. Subhas Chandra Bose

DIVIDEND PAID

March 1942 ..... 15%
" 1943 ..... 10%
" 1944 ..... 10%
" 1945 ..... 10%
" 1946 ..... 10%

* Estd. 1940
* Long-staple cotton Plantation started 1941
* MILL (weaving) started 1946
* SPINNING PLANT Installed 1947

EXPANSION OF BUSINESS OPENS FRESH SCOPE FOR RESPECTABLE AGENTS.

Particulars from:

PLANTERS SYNDICATE LTD.

Mg. Agents.

Unique Combination of Cotton Plantation and Mill in India.

BRITANNIA

The Modern Biscuits

33-6L

DAILY WEATHER SUMMARY

POONA, Aug. 11, (API.) Following is the daily weather summary for Monday, the 11th August, 1947:—

A Western disturbance is affecting the extreme north of the country. Rainfall has been widespread in Bengal, the East United Provinces, West Central India and Malabar and local in rest Nor h-east India, the West United Provinces, the East and North Punjab, East Rajputana, East Central India, the West Central Provinces, the Bombay Deccan and the Konkan. A few showers have also occurred in Kashmir, Baluchistan, West Rajputana, Gujarat, the east Central Provinces, north Hyderabad, south-east Madras and the Madras Deccan.

ALL-INDIA WEATHER

POONA, Aug. 11 (API). Following is the daily weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during past 24 hours from 1st June 1947 and departure from normal recorded at 8-00 hours I S T on 11th August 1947:—

Abu 80 68 T 6.3 minus 30.8 Ahmedabad 97 82 0 9.2 minus 10.4 Ahmednagar 86 71 0 5.6 minus 4.3 Akola 90 78 0 9.7 minus 8.3 Allahabad 94 76 1.0 21.6 plus 0.7 Alleppey 84 76 0.5 54.3— Aurangabad 87 71 0.8 8.7 minus 5.2 Bangalore 83 68 0 14.3 plus 6.1 Baroda 96 81 0 10.6—Belgaum 83 70 0.3 20.6 minus 9.4 Benares 92 79 0.1 12.6 minus 7.7 Bhuj 93 78 0 0 0.5 minus 3.3 BOMBAY 85 78 0 27.2 minus 21.3 Calcutta 89 81 0 27.5 minus 1.4 Calicut 84 75 0.3 78.8 plus 6.3 Cherrapunji 69 65 4.1 261.8 plus 27 Cocanada 88 80 0 14.5 plus 1.6 Cochin 84 75 1.2 57.6 minus 0.2 Coimbatore 87 72 0 2.3 minus 1.3 Colombo 84 75 0.5 24.7 plus 9.3 Delhi 86 77 0.4 4.4 minus 9.0 Hyderabad (Dn) 91 74 0 12.7 plus 0.5 Hyderabad (Sd) 100 82 0 0 minus 4.3 Jubbulpore 84 74 1.8 35.0 plus 1.5 Karachi 87 80 0 0.2 minus 4.5 Kodaikanal 63 54 0.2 14.7 plus 3.4 Lahore 93 73 0.9 1.1 minus 7.8 Lucknow 90 78 1.5 34.1 plus 13.0 Madras 92 79 0 5.2 minus 1.8 Mahableshwar 76 64 0 98.3 minus 85.5 Marmagao 85 76 0.1 70.7 minus 0.4 Masulipatam 88 81 0 12.0 minus 0.6 Multan 106 86 0 0 minus 3.4 Mussoorie 65 60 0.4 43.3 minus 3.8 Mysore 86 69 T 5.7 minus 0.2 Nagpur 89 74 T 25.2— Patna 91 79 0.2 22.9 minus 0.1 Peshawar 97 78 9 0.4 minus 2.3 Poona 85 72 0.4 9.0 minus 3.6 Quetta 96 68 0 0.1 minus 0.8 Rajkot 99 75 T 4.0 minus 12.8 Rawalpindi 86 76 0.1 7.9 minus 5.3 Sholapur 93 74 T 13.0 plus 3.1 Simla 66 60 0.3 16.0 minus 11.0 Srinagar 88 [illegible] 0.1 4.7 plus 0.1 Surat 92 82 0 8.9 minus 19.8 Trichinopoly 95 77 0 3.3 minus 0.4 Udaipur 90 76 03.6 minus 10.2

A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

The law of things is a law of universal reason, but most men live as if they had a wisdom of their own—.

Heraclitus.

The Bombay Chronicle

PAKISTAN CONSEMBLY

Many in India and outside would have wished that the Pakistan Constituent Assembly had met much earlier in order to produce by August 15 a general outline of the constitution in respect, at least of the vital question of Minority Rights. Presumably one of the practical reasons, among others, was that key leaders, busy with partition arrangements at New Delhi, could not get away to Karachi before the second week of August. The Assembly, which met on Monday, deserves the goodwill and good wishes of all in the difficult and delicate work of making a Constitution for Pakistan. That the difficulty is realised is, we believe, the explanation, of the decision to have Mr. Jinnah himself as the President of the Assembly. For a Governor-General to be the active head of the Constitution Making Body, too, is a situation that may strike most people as somewhat odd. But the circumstances are exceptional so far as Mr. Jinnah is concerned. He is bound to be the main, almost exclusive, architect of the Pakistan Constitution and otherwise, too, it is essential that he should function personally and continuously as the guide and leader of the Assembly. We wish him success in the task that devolves upon him.

It is a difficult and delicate task, as we have said. The circumstances and the background of the creation of the new State need not be repeated here. They have naturally led to apprehensions among the Minorities, apprehensions which have not been allayed by contradictory claims and assurances by League leaders as to the essential nature of the State they are building up and the place and status in it of nearly 30 per cent of non-Muslim citizens. The first and most important task of the Constituent Assembly is, therefore, the formulation of Fundamental Rights of the inhabitants of Pakistan which ensures Minority rights and guarantees them both protection and full citizenship irrespective of their religion. Any suggestion, direct or indirect, that non-Muslims may in any way, be aliens instead of full nationals, has to be constitutionally outlawed. Mr. J. N. Mandal who rather overdid his emotional enthusiasm was not entirely wrong when he hailed his election even to the temporary chairmanship of the Constituent Assembly as a good augury. "I would like", Mr. Mandal also said, "to point out not only to the people of Pakistan and India but the people of the whole world to look to the Pakistan Constituent Assembly to find for themselves that the Muslim community, which wanted to acquire the legitimate rights and privileges and determined to have a separate State of Pakistan will act generously to the minority community".

We earnestly hope the Pakistan Constituent Assembly will vindicate Mr. Mandal's faith and the world's interest. The world, and not India alone, is certainly keenly interested. This is natural not only because another State enters the family of independant nations of the world. It is natural also because of the, for the modern world, normal circumstances of its creation. The democratic world struggling to establish true democracy without discrimination between man and man on the basis of colour or creed is concerned to know the shape of the Pakistan State to be. The message of Mr. George Marshall is a noteworthy proof. It is something more than a mere conventional assurance that "your deliberations are being watched with deep interest by the people of the United States and freedom-loving peoples elsewhere". He is confident that "the constitution you will present to the people of Pakistan and to the world will reflect the steadfast devotion of the leaders of Pakistan to the principle of democracy and peace and that it will serve as a living charter upon which may be based the political and social progress of the people of your new nation." The language of the message is not without significance.

Wanted Flag Code

A correspondent to the "Chronicle" has drawn attention to certain objectionable practices in connection with the use of the National Flag. All these days, of course, India as a State had no flag. It was the Congress flag which was regarded as the National flag by a vast section of the people. But presently the Indian Union will be having a flag of its own, respected and honoured by every class, community and section of the citizens of the Indian Union. The flag will also fly in foreign lands, on Indian embassy buildings and at international gatherings as the symbol of a free and sovereign people. As such the time has come when India must give more attention to the flag. Although the Constituent Assembly has laid down exact specifications regarding its size, colour and design, it would seem that makers of the flag for sale to the public do not meticulously conform to the specifications. This practice obviously deserves to be discouraged. Again, India has not developed regulations or conventions regarding the use of the flag. It is a common practice to hoist the flag and then let it remain there to be beaten about in the wind and rain. It is a common sight to find flags, torn and tattered, flying on house tops. It is equally common to see them hanging the wrong way. It is essential that certain conventions should be evolved regarding the proper use of the flag and regulations made about the manner in which it should be honoured. In fact we must have a flag code which should be given the widest possible publicity and which people should be taught to observe carefully.

Another issue which arises in the same connection is the use of the flag either by itself or in various combinations, as a trade mark and for other commercial and advertising purposes. In the past there have been fairly scandalous abuses of the name of national leaders and heroes. We have known brands of 'beedies' called after Gandhiji and Swami Shraddananda. It is hard to imagine anything more inappropriate or in worse taste. Of course, there can be such a thing as being too touchy in such matters. But the flag as a symbol should be regarded as something too sacred, something apart and its use for purposes not in accordance with the honour due to it or not in good taste should not be permitted. There is a case for Government to consider if the use of the flag for trade and advertising purposes should be permitted at all and if so under what conditions. This may involve legislation and hence delay; although it would be far better if the public could be educated to do these things without the intervention of the legislature and the Government. Meanwhile, public and political organisations may give thought to this question and their decisions may even prove of some use to Government later—if legislation is considered necessary.

Frankly Speaking

Dangerous Course

With just two or three more days left for the various States to sign the Instrument of Accession, most of the States' representatives have been hurrying up to make the date. Although the States Department of the Government of India expected to receive the Instrument of Accession and Standstill Agreements before August 10, the department has announced that it will be satisfied if telegraphic intimations to that effect are received by August 14. It was unofficially stated that the States Department was considering the question of denouncing the existing treaties and arrangements in regard to the non-acceding States. Meanwhile an Associated Press message from Delhi hints that Indore is holding out and trying to bargain for better terms. As the message points out, the Instrument of Accession and the Standstill Agreement were finalised after prolonged and full consultation with princes and their representatives and the States' point of view was completely met in these documents. So completely, in fact, that we had occasion to describe the new Instrument of Accession as a Charter of the Princes. There is now no room for any amendment or alteration in it. Therefore, it is useless for Indore to fish for terms other than what the majority of Princes have accepted. If it is useless for Indore—a State less than a 1,000 square miles in area and less than a million and half population—to hold out in the hope of getting better terms, it is positively dangerous even to contemplate resort to military action. The Delhi report refers to alleged secret instructions issued to the State military authorities and a hint has been thrown out that India has sufficient resources at her command to deal with any such situation. The warning would apply to all States which may be in the same category as Indore. We hope the report about the instructions to the military in Indore, as elsewhere, is not true. Apart from consideration of rights and wrongs, the course is so dangerous as to be suicidal. And we trust no State is so foolish as to try it.

Calcutta's Shame

During the last one year Calcutta has earned for itself a unique, if unsavoury, distinction. The cycle of communal rioting started in that premier city of India on August 16, 1946. Not a day has passed since then without something or other happening there, without some blood being spilt. Poison breeds poison; and each incident has called forth its reprisal. Mahatma Gandhi has rightly called upon the city to cease the disgraceful spectacle of "goondaism". He put his finger unerringly on the truth when he said that he would not subscribe to the theory that the doings in Calcutta were the result of "goondaism". He held that the crude, open "goondaism" was the reflection of the subtle "goondaism" that people were harbouring within their minds. Nobody could be more clear and outspoken than Gandhiji and it was well that, having seen the truth, he did not hesitate for a moment to speak it.

Let It End

But, unlike the usual run of 'leaders', Gandhiji does not stop at merely expressing his opinion. For him, seeing the truth has always been a call to action. Having then realised that at the threshold of freedom, the communities had gone mad, he felt that here was something that called for more active intervention. So on Sunday evening he announced that he would not leave for Noakhali the next day as he had proposed to do. He would continue to stay in Calcutta. Impulsively he had decided to "place his life in the hand of God". A Calcutta message suggests that some people in Gandhiji's entourage interpreted his words to imply a hint that he might undertake a fast. We hope this interpretation is mistaken. We hope the Mahatma will not take any such extreme step, without giving the parties time to make amends and without notice to his colleagues. In his case it is literally true that his life is not his own. It belongs to the Nation. And he has no right to place it in jeopardy without more than ample justification. But it is within the power of the citizens of Calcutta to prevent this possibility. A whole year of mutual killing is a long enough and a disgraceful enough record. Must they continue it? Let the day of freedom be the day of deliverance from hatred.

A Model Social Worker

The public life of suburban Bombay suffers a grievous loss through the sudden death of Chhotubhai B. Kora, one of the most selfless and conscientious social workers, the Bombay Suburban District has produced. Unassuming and unostentatious, almost to a fault, Mr. Kora was one of the main props of every public activity that has grown up in the suburbs during the last thirty years. A pioneer in the field of Co-operative housing, he contributed largely to the building up of the model suburb of Khar. In all the national upheavals that have taken place since 1930, Mr. Kora was in the forefront of the country's fight; but few are acquainted with the humiliation and harassment to which he was subjected in the long drawnout proceedings which followed his arrest in 1942. Precise, meticulous, methodical, Mr. Kora was a model of what a social worker should be; and numerous public organizations such as the Kherwadi Committee, the Mahar Co-operative Colony, the Village Industries Association, the Adivasi Seva Mandal owe an immense debt of gratitude to Mr. Kora for the painstaking, devoted selfless manner in which he applied himself to their manifold activities. No work was too small for him to undertake and all in need of help. Whatever their political creed and their community, claimed his attention. The Chambhar and the Mahar, the Katkari and the Warli all those with whom he came in contact and for whom he laboured, need a message of condolence no less than the Prime Minister of Bombay and numerous other public workers in the suburbs to whom Mr. Kora was for years together a much-prized colleague.

Villagers Battle With Locusts

PARIS, August 11, (Reuter): Villagers in the hamlet of Bastudette, Southern France, fought a night-long battle last night with the aid of floodlights and bonfires to save their crops from an invasion of locusts.

The "battle" began at dusk as the people of the village assembled with saucepans, klaxons and whistles and anything that would make a noise to scare away the pests, which dived and blanketed the crops.

U.S. OIL INTERESTS WANT NO U.N.O. CONTROL

WASHINGTON, August 11 (Reuter).—The United States Chamber of Commerce has opposed the creation of a United Nations authority to control the world's oil resources.

SCHEDULED CASTES FEDERATION WON'T PARTICIPATE

MADRAS, August 11 (API).—Mr. N. Sivraj, President of the All-India Scheduled Castes Federation, said today in a statement that the Federation would not participate in the Independence Day celebrations and instructions had been issued accordingly to their people.

Mr. Sivraj has declined the invitation of the Madras Premier to attend the ceremonial parade at the island ground on August 15.

Rs. 1800 Worth National Flag For Bombay Secretariat

Independence Day Bonus For Employees Of City Mills And Firms: Special Prayers And Services In Houses Of Worship

BOMBAY, August 11 API): The ten per cent remission in the land revenue granted by the Government of Bombay will cost the Provincial Exchequer Rs. 35 lakhs, Mr. V. L. Mehta, Finance Minister, Bombay, said in an interview.

The Government has also alloted about Rs. 15 lakhs for the purchase and distribution of sweets and national flag to school children throughout the Province, on the Independence Day.

A National Flag measuring 12 feet by 16 feet and estimated to cost Rs. 1,800 has been ordered by the Provincial Government and will be hoisted at the Bombay Secretariat.

AMNESTY.

About 2,500 prisoners will be released on August 15. Those prisoners on whom the sentence of death had been passed and has not been executed, will receive a commutation of the death penalty to one of transportation for life. Among these are prisoners sentenced to death under the Public Safety Measures Act, which was recently enacted to deal with rioting and lawlessness in the Province.

SECURITIES TO BE REFUNDED

The Government of Bombay has also agreed to refund the amounts of securities confiscated from newspapers during the tenure of the present Ministry, following representation made to this effect by the Provincial Press Advisory Committee.

INDEPENDENCE BONUS TO MILL WORKERS.

At an urgent general meeting of the members of the Millowners' Association, Bombay, held on Monday, an Independence Bonus equivalent to one-eighth of their total earnings, exclusive of dearness allowance, in the period 1st January 1947 to 31st August 1947, was sanctioned to all cotton and woollen mill workers in Bombay. The payment of bonus, which will be subject to certain conditions, will be made on 23rd October 1947. Posters announcing the Bonus conditions, etc. will be put up at mill gates.

BONUS FOR AHMEDABAD MILL WORKERS.

AHMEDABAD, Aug. 11. (A.P.I.): The Ahmedabad Millowners' Association has announced the grant of a bonus to mill employees equivalent to one month's wages on the occasion of the inauguration of the Indian Dominion on Aug. 15.

HIND CYCLES DECLARE INDEPENDENCE BONUS.

The Management of Hind Cycles Limited, Worli, have declared an Independence Bonus to all the workers equal to 1/12 of total earning during the last 12 months ending on 31st of July 1947, and holidays on 15th and 16th of August.

Following commercial associations, firms etc. have sanctioned Independence Bonus to their employees:—

SRI MAHAJAN ASSOCIATION, one month's salary subject to a minimum of Rs. 50.

TEXTILE STORES & MACHINERY MERCHANTS' ASSOCIATION, one month's salary.

OIL MERCHANTS' CHAMBER, one month's salary.

KALYAN MUNICIPALITY: The General Board has sanctioned Independence Day Bonus to the Municipal Staff as under. Staff drawing Rs. 30 and below 50 per cent.

HOLIDAYS.

The following have declared holidays for Independence celebrations:

GRAIN & OIL SEEDS MERCHANTS' ASSOCIATION. Market closed on Aug. 15 and 16.

THE OIL MERCHANTS CHAMBER: Office closed on Aug. 15 and 16.

CELEBRATIONS AT JUHU AERODROME

Lt.-Cdr. A. K. Mukherji, Secretary, Independence Celebrations Committee for Aeronautical Community in Bombay, writes:

AUGUST 14: 20-00—23-50 hrs. Dance —Carbaret at Civil Aerodrome, Juhu. 23-50 Assemble near Flag Staff—Juhu. 00-01 Hoisting of National Flag. 00-15—01-00 Illuminated Air crafts will take off and fly over city.

AUGUST 15: 09-00—11-00 Static display of Aircraft at Juhu Aerodrome. 09-30—10-30 Aerobatics at Juhu. 10-59 All siren—Air Raid Warning. 11-00 2 minutes silence (in compliance with B.P.C.C.'s directive). 10-00—12-00 Flights over Bombay—take off from Santacruz Aerodrome. 240 seats only available for public desiring to fly over the city. 20-30 Pyrotechnical display at Juhu and Santacruz.

AUGUST 16: 08-30—10-30 Sports Meeting at Santacruz. 10-45 Prize distribution.

SPECIAL SERVICES AT CHURCHES: "Under the auspices of the Bombay Y.M.C.A. and Y.W.C.A. a special Service of Thanks-giving will be held in Christ Church, Clare Road, Byculla, on Independence Day, at 10 a.m. The Right Rev. W. Q. Lash, the new Bishop of Bombay will deliver the address.

JEWS TO HOLD PRAYERS

On Friday the 15th August a special benediction prayer will be held at the "Magen Hassidim" Synagogue, Morland Road, Bombay No. 11 at 5/30 p.m.

Joint Appeal To City Women

The following joint appeal to the women of Bombay in connection with the celebration of the 15th August is issued by all the Women's Organizations and Women Workers.

"The women of India have always played an important role in the life of our people throughout the ages. Even when the darkness and poverty overwhelmed India they did not fail in their duty to their country and their people. Under the leadership of our beloved leader, Mahatma Gandhi, the women have marched forward and by their courage and sacrifices have contributed in no small measure to the struggle for our independence.

dependence. We must join in our thousands in the procession and meeting arranged for this day and pledge ourselves afresh to the tasks that lie ahead of us of building up a new India."

Appeal To Muslim Students

The Hon. General Secretary of B. P. M. S. F. writes:

"On this auspicious occasion, I fervently appeal to Muslim students all over the Province to celebrate 15th August as India's Independence Day with all solemnity splendour and dignity. Prayers and thanks should be offered to Almighty for crowning our efforts with success and for ever lasting peace, prosperity and happiness of our motherland.

"Public meetings and peaceful processions should be organised if possible in collaboration with public and students organisations.

"All the institutions and buildings should be illuminated and decorated with INDIAN NATIONAL FLAG.

"Indian National Flag Salutation ceremonies should be performed and silence should be observed to commemorate and honour the memories of our martyrs who laid down their lives in the glorious cause of Freedom. The celebrations will remain incomplete without remembering their noble lives and paying homage to their mighty deeds."

ORIENT CLUB DINNER

The Orient Club will inaugurate the celebrations of freedom of the Indian Union by holding a House Dinner followed by a ceremony of hoisting the National Flag by the President Sir Cowasjee Jehangir, at mightnight on Thursday.

CO-OPERATORS' LUNCH: The Provincial Co-operative Institute, Bombay, has organised in celebration of the Independence Day, a Co-operative lunch on Friday (15th instant) at 12 noon. Admission to the lunch will be by tickets of Rs. 2-8-0 each at 9, Bakehouse Lane, Fort.

MERCHANTS' LUNCH

The Textile Stores & Machinery Merchants' Association will have an Independence Day Lunch for the members of the Association. The Managing Committee will be the host. The office of the Association will remain closed on 15th and 16th August.

Half Month's Bonus For Tatas' Workers

It is learned that the following Tata concerns have decided to grant half a month's bonus as "Independence Bonus" to all their employees:

Tata Sons and Tata Industries, Tata Iron & Steel Co., Tata Hydro-Electric Group of Companies, Tata Locomotive & Engineering Co., Tata Oil Mills, Tata Chemicals, Air-India, and Indian Hotels Company. The Tata Group of Textile Mills will be governed by the decision of the Millowners' Association.

The Central Bank of India, the Bank of India, the Bank of Baroda, the Oriental Government Life Assurance Company, the New India Assurance Company, the Associated Cement Companies and Messrs. Killick Nixon and Company are also giving half a month's bonus.

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Afghan Sardars' Grievances

Sir,—We the three Chief Afghan Sirdars viz., Sirdar Hanzullah Khan Sirdar Inayatullah Khan and Sirdar Habibullah Khan have received a letter on 10th July 1947 through the District Magistrate, Poona". No con. 1516—III of 9th July 1947. We went thro' this Order and in the end we were sorry that none of our demands were accepted by the Government of India as asked by us and are still in midst of miseries. Therefore we appealed to the Government of India thro' the District Magistrate, Poona, on 15-7-47. We were under detention for nearly 1ast seven and half years under Rule 36 F. C. R. Every six month we get a fresh order from the Government of India renewing the previous one and thus about seven and half years have passed and we know not "when these six month would last". This time again at the expiry of the order, we have received order through the District Superintendent of Police of 17-7-1947 enforcing Rule 36 F. C. R on us for a further term of 6 months. We have already sent three appeals to the Government of India on 22-4-1947, 16-6-1947 and 15-7-1947 stating all our grievances. We have several times asked the Government of India to redress our grievances but in vain. In 1946 our case was represented in the Central Assembly and early in 1947 it was fought over again and again and which is still being fought out by us but in vain. Neither our freedom is accepted nor our allowance is raised accordingly to our demands. We are not satisfied with the present allowance too. We appeal to the Government of India to consider our demands sympathetically and hope to receive a favourable reply which would be in accordance with the international Law."—Yours, etc.

SIRDAR HAFIZULLAH KHAN.
SIRDAR NABIBULLAH KHAN.
SIRDAR INAYATULLAH KHAN
Poona, J

G. B. S. And Vaccination

Sir,—Every year on the occasion of shaw's birthday which falls on July, newspapers all over the world recall the fact that he is a vegetarian and that he does not drink liquor and does not smoke, but most newspapers omit to mention the other important fact, which it is necessary for all people in the world to know, namely that like Gandhiji, show regards vaccination and inoculation as useless and dangerous. Mr. Shaw says:—

"My study of vaccination has convinced me that it is an ignorant delusion and its imposition often a shocking tyranny . . The truth is that vaccination failed to fulfil its promises and received its death—wound from two appalling epidemics small-pox (1871 and 1881) when vaccination was compulsary. Yet the medical broadcasters and writers of leading articles still keep repeating like parrots (the falsehood) that vaccination abolished small-pox, though vaccination is now killing more children than small-pox". Shaw also denounces cruelty on calves, dogs, monkeys and other animals in medical vivisection laboratories.

In view of what Shaw says here about the uselessness and dangers of vaccination, I request Bomaby Congress Government to abolish compulsory vaccination as suggested by British doctors in their recent petition to Bombay Legislative Assembly.—Yours, etc.

WORLD CITIZEN

"Indian Inventor Needs Encouragement"

Sir,—Mr. Gouro Chandro Patro's letter in your issue of July 11th on the above subject would not have invoked comments, were it not in public interests to correct some popular misconceptions regarding inventors and inventions.

Inventors like pioneers in any other field are not born ready-made. Geniuses like Edison, Bell, Faraday and James Watt had long years of unobtrusive preparations often labouring 18 hours a day with improvised tools and instruments in a home laboratory or as trade apprentices, before their ideas took the first practical shape. Despite disciplined preparation their first inventions were frequently a "washout".

Even kindly individuals, let alone a Government responsible to the people for thrifty management of public funds, can hardly be expected to spend money on self-styled inventors who have not acquired the necessary degree of basic mechanical skill by hard apprenticeship or have not produced any tangible proof of creative ability in a given field. There appears no justification, therefore, for the public condemnation by your correspondent of the Government of Orissa and the Government of India for not recognising his supposedly latent "real originality" and "inventive power." Such imaginary grievances, if permitted undeserved publicity, would merely mislead the unsophisticated mind.

For individuals like Mr. Patro who fancy they are specially gifted, but are too poor to go to a College, the best course (as suggested in the same issue of "Chronicle" by Prof Angelo Mosso) is to learn while they earn. One such method is to take up a few years' trade apprenticeship with one of the engineering workshops in a large town, where they can prove their abilities to themselves and to people with whom their work brings them in daily contact. That is the royal road followed by many a lad in the Western countries where, too a large majority cannot afford the luxury of university education.

Lastly, to deal specially with only one of the many highly debatable claims made by Mr. Patro:

"I have thought of a machine—"aeroterramarine" which .... will go speedier than the motor car on land, speedier than the submarine in water speedier than the ship on water and a little slower than the aircraft in air....I have got the designs (not detailed). To do researches and make a scaled model of the "aeroterramarine" I won't require more than one thousand rupees. I have passed the I.Sc and failed in the B.A. My age is 21 1/2 years."

Now, by contrast take a pertinent extract from the authorised biography of Thomas Alva Edison. The greater inventor was once asked how many laboratory experiments it was necessary for him to make to perfect the storage battery.

"Goodness only knows" he replied. "We used to number our experiments consecutively from 1 to 10,000. When we got up to 10,000, we turned back to 1 and ran up to 10,000 again—and so on. I don't know how many experiments we made. I lost track of them—but it was not far from 50,000. It took 10 years and cost dol-3,000,000." (Rupees one crore).

This was true of the development of a comparatively simple device like the storage battery. Yet, our inexperienced youth of 21, whose sole qualification he has given above and whose mechanical training is not worth mentioning, is "more than ninety percent sure" of developing a scale model of an amazingly complex machine which from its description is to revolutionise world's transport—with just an expenditure of Rs. 1000/- to be donated by "any person, institution, company or Government, whether she be socialist or capitalist, Indian or foreign!" And the Government of Orissa is freely blamed for not being able to share his optimism.

Further comment is superfluous! Can any one in his senses quarrel with a Government that refuses to be enamoured of daydreams?— Yours, etc

N. M. DAVE.
(Pleader)

Indo-Ceylon Journey

Sir,—We are extremely surprised to read in your dak edition of the 18th instant that the President, Mr. K. C. Neogy and the members of the Indian Railway Enquiry Committee during their visit to Dhanuskodi have examined the S. I. Railway steamer or ferry boat for crossing the Palk Strait and felt that the amenities provided for the passengers on the board of the steamer are sufficient and satisfactory.

Having travelled many times to Ceylon and back to India, in all the classes recently, we are unable to agree with the above view. We would request the President and the Committee members to travel in incognito with their wives and children at least once—preferably in 3rd class to find out whether there are any amenities at all! Then they will understand the difficulties the passengers experience.

The distance is no doubt only 12 or 13 miles but the time generally taken to cross extends over six hours. In fact the time taken by a passenger from Mantapam camp till he reaches Talaimannar, on the other side is more than 12 hours—and within these 12 hours no one can get anything to eat or drink except some wayside cocoanuts.

The whole journey—medical examination, customs inspection, emigration officers scrutiny etc. are nothing but scandalous—if not anything more.

In the steamer itself, there is no distinction between 1st, 2nd and 3rd class passengers. There are no sufficient ordinary benches, even to sit on for 1st or 2nd class passengers and many have to sit or squat on their luggage and trunks and when the sea is rough or when there is heavy rain, the passengers get completely drenched. There is only one small tea cabin, which is always monopolised by 2 or 3 Europeans throughout the journey. Daily more than 1,000 cross in and out the straits by this steamer—many with children and infants.

The customs examination takes life out of a passenger—may be there are smugglers, but to punish every one by making them to stand hours and hours to catch one or two smugglers is nothing but high handed action.

We do not want to deal with troubles regarding getting currency exchange porters to carry luggages etc. now.

Sri, M. S. Aney, who has come back to India, would be in a better position to speak on this subject, with authority, facts and figures, as he had made a minute study of the difficulties of the passengers, while he was the Representative in Ceylon. Yours, etc.

D. V. M. RAO, LEELAVATI DEVI.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT

"It is not much for the sake of religion, although this, too, is a very weighty consideration, especially for the Hindus, that we raise the issue of cow protection. It is a question on which the very existence of humanity depends and God Almighty, who created this entire universe, has also inspired me to go ahead with this noble work".

—SETH RAMKRISHNA DALMIA.

* * *

The A.P.I. has put out a statement emanating from "authoritative" circles that the Maharaja of Indore will get no better terms for accession to the Union than already formulated, that he had better accede while there is time and that it would be unwise to indulge dreams of aggression.

If the Indore Maharaja is to be worried and threatened like this, let India be warned that he would—he would—well, he would go away to America and Hollywood, for instance.

* * *

The All-India Hindu convention presided over by Mr. V. D. Savarkar has passed a resolution demanding the establishment of a Hindu State in India.

Mr. Jinnah, in a message to Baluchistan urbesmen, speaks of "the Pakistan Dominion" as a "Muslim State".

Now we should, we hope, have a spate of loud, indignant statements by Mahasabhaites and Muslim Leaguers each denouncing the other.

* * *

The Hindu Convention has also appointed a committee to popularise and implement its policy and "organise" the Hindus and so on.

According to the sharpeyed Junior Colleague the name of Dr. Shyama Prasad Mukerji is missing because he has been reserved for the job of boring from within.

* * *

Some surprise is being expressed in certain quarters over the election of Mr. Jinnah, Governor-General of Pakistan as the President of its Constituent Assembly too.

We are surprised at the surprise.

* * *

Speaking at a function in Madras, Sir Shanmukham Chetty, recalled how he was in charge of Finance in the Swaraj Party's "shadow cabinet" of Pandit Motilal Nehru, and said: "I should be called upon to work under his distinguished son as a real Finance Minister while I was a "shadow" Finance Member under his distinguished father is a thought which certainly cheers me".

How time passes!

* * *

The (White) South African Government has notified the United Nations that it will not place South West Africa under trusteeship because of "the wish clearly expressed by an overwhelming majority of native races in South-West Africa and by a unanimous vote of European representatives of the territory."

What could more convincing?

NEWSPRINT PRODUCTION IN INDIA

Factory To Be Built In C.P.

BOMBAY, Monday.

Plans about the setting up of a newsprint factory in India were revealed by Mr. P. N. Nair Managing Director of National Newsprint and Paper Mills Ltd. at a press conference at the Taj Mahal Hotel today.

It is hoped that the factory would be able to supply major share of the requirements of newsprint in this country at a lower rate.

The factory would be situated at Chandni on the Burhanpur-Khandwa section of G.I.P. Railway where cheap raw material and required water power are available. The project had the assistance and co-operation of the C.P. Government, Canada's technical assistance would be available for this venture.

Jinnah's Appeal To Minorities To Bury The Hatchet

Assures Equality Of Status To All Citizens In Pakistan

Consembly Adopts Dark Green Rectangular Flag Sachar's Amendment Negatived

KARACHI, Aug. 11 (A.P.I.): Mr. M. A. Jinnah was unanimously elected President of the Pakistan Constituent Assembly this morning and he occupied the chair amidst loud applause.

After the election of Mr. Jinnah was announced by Mr. Jogendra Nath Mandal, temporary Chairman, Mr. Jinnah was led amid cheers to the Presidential Chair by Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan and Sardar Abdur Rab Nishtar. Mr. Jinnah shook hands with Mr. Mandal and occupied the Chair.

Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan was the first to congratulate Mr. Jinnan. He said it was with the greatest pride that he rose to congratulate him on his election as the President of the Constituent Assembly of Pakistan.

Punctuated by frequent cheers, Mr. Kiran Shanker Roy, Leader of the Congress Party, congratulated Mr. Jinnah in a short speech on being elected to the Presidentship. Offering him the most sincere congratulations on behalf of the Congress Party, Mr. Roy said: "You have had triumphs in many spheres of life, and when we compare all your achievements with the honour that the assembly has done to you, it may seem to be not very important. But I congratulate you on agreeing to accept the presidentship of this House. It was a wise decision. You have been the dreamer of Pakistan, and now that your dream has been realised you should be the architect of its constitution".

Speaking about the minorities, Mr. Roy said that if Pakistan meant a secular democratic state, a state which would make no difference between citizen and citizen irrespective of caste, creed or community, he would assure him that he (Mr. Jinnah) would have their utmost co-operation.

Referring to the policy which Congressmen in the Assembly would follow Mr. Roy said:" Frankly, Sir, we are not very happy. We are unhappy because of the division of India. We are unhappy because of the partition of the Punjab and Bengal. But once this arrangement has been agreed upon by the two great parties, we accept it loyally, and shall work for it loyally (cheers). We accept the citizenship of Pakistan with all its implications." (cheers).

Mr. Liquat Ali Khan continued: "You have been rightly described as the architect of Pakistan and it is a great fortune for us to have you as the President of this Sovereign Body, and I feel sure that you will guide us to our destiny through your devotion, untiring zeal, selfless service and unshakable determination. As one constantly associated with you for over 11 years, I can say with truthfulness and honesty that the creation of this State of Pakistan is mainly, if not entirely, due to your service (cheers).

UNPARALLELED EVENT IN HISTORY

"It is indeed an unparalleled event in the history of the world that without bloodshed, without going through a bloody revolution, a State which is the fifth largest in the world should come into being. It is most fortunate that we will continue to have your guidance and assistance in building up this structure of the future State of Pakistan."

"By your election as President of this Sovereign Body you will be having the dual capacity of not only being the Head of the Assembly but also the Head of the State. I am confident that you will, while discharging your onerous duties, be guided by inflexible honesty which you possess. I have never found you wavering even at the most difficult time, and I am sure it augurs well for the future State of Pakistan that we will have as our leader the architect of this wonderful State which is the fifth largest in the world."

Mr. M. A. Khuhro, prospective Premier of Sind, congratulating Mr. Jinnah, said that he was the greatest leader the Muslim world had ever produced. It was due to his untiring zeal and sincere efforts that the Muslims had achieved their dream of life.

Mr. Khuhro was sure that under Mr. Jinnah's guidance the Constituent Assembly would frame a constitution which many would envy.

Mr. Jogendra Nath Mandal congratulated Mr. Jinnah on his election to the office on behalf of the "great section of the minority communities—the down-trodden economically, socially and politically".

Mr. Mandal assured the President of unstinted faithfulness and sincere loyalty to the State and to him as the head of eight million people of his community.

Begum Shah Nawaz congratulated Mr. Jinnah on behalf of the women of Pakistan who, she said, wanted no more rights than what were given by her religion, namely equality for man and woman.

JINNAH'S ADDRESS.

Mr. Jinnah then made his presidential speech which lasted for 40 minutes. It was listened to with rapt attention by members of the House with occasional cheers and applause. The speech, however, was completely inaudible in the press gallery.

Mr. Jinnah thanked the House with the utmost sincerity for the greatest honour conferred on him by electing him as the first President of the sovereign assembly, and also thanked those leaders who had spoken in appreciation of his services and for their personal reference to him.

"I hope", said Mr. Jinnah, "that with your support and co-operation, we shall make this Constituent Assembly an example to the world. The Constituent Assembly has got two main functions to perform. The first is the very onerous and responsible task of framing our future constitution of Pakistan and the second is to function as a full and complete sovereign body as the federal legislature of Pakistan. We have to do the best we can in adopting a provisional constitution for the federal legislature of Pakistan. Not only we but the whole world wonder at this unprecedented cyclonic revolution which has brought about the plans of creating and establishing two independent sovereign dominions in this sub-continent. This mighty sub-continent with all kinds of inhabitants has been brought under a plan which is titanic and unparalleled. And what is important is that we have achieved it peacefully".

Mr. Jinnah continued: "in dealing with our first function of this assembly, I cannot make any well considered pronouncement at this moment but I can say one or two things. I would like to emphasise that you are now a sovereign legislative body. It therefore, places on you the greatest responsibility as to how you should take your decisions. The first duty of a Government is to maintain Law and Order so that life and property and religious belief are fully protected by the State at all cost. (Loud cheers).

CORRUPTION MUST BE ENDED.

"One of the biggest curses from which India is suffering is bribery and corruption which means we must put that down with an iron hand, and I hope that you will take adequate measures as soon as possible for this assembly to handle it. That really is a poison".

Severely condemning blackmarketing and nepotism, Mr. Jinnah said: "You have to tackle this monster—a crime against society in our distressed conditions, in our shortage of food and the essential commodities of life. Black-marketeers ought to be very severely punished because they undermine the entire system of control and regulation of foodstuffs and essential commodities. The next thing that strikes me is nepotism and bribery, a legacy which has now been transferred to us, and I want to make it quite clear that I shall never tolerate any kind of bribery, nepotism or any influence I find directly or indirectly brought to bear upon me".

Maintaining that division of India was the only solution of India's constitutional problem, Mr. Jinnah traced the genesis of the plan and declared the broad policy of the Pakistan state towards its people.

"I know," he said, "there are people who do not quite agree with the division of India and the partition of the Punjab and Bengal. But now that it has been accepted, it is the duty of every one of us loyally to abide by it and act honourably according to the agreement which is now final and binding on all. I can quite understand the feeling that exists between the two communities. But the question is whether it was possible or practicable to do otherwise than what is being done. A division had to take place.

ONLY SOLUTION.

"On both sides, in Hindustan and Pakistan, there may be sections of people who do not agree with it, who do not like it, but in my judgment there was no other solution. I think when History records its verdict, it will be proved by facts that it was the only solution of India's constitutional problem. Any other idea of a United India would never have worked, and in my judgment, it would have led us to terrific disaster. But in this division, it became impossible to avoid the question of minorities being in one dominion or the other".

ASSURANCE TO MINORITIES.

Promising equal rights of citizenship of all, Mr. Jinnah amidst cheers said: "If we want to make this great State of Pakistan happy and prosperous, then we should wholly and solely concentrate on the well being of the people and especially of the masses and the poor".

Addressing the minorities in particular, Mr. Jinnah said: "if you work in a spirit of co-operation, forgetting the past and burying the hatchet, I will say that every one of you, no matter to what community you belong, no matter what is your colour, caste or creed, is first, second and last a citizen of this State with equal rights, privileges and obligations".

"You are free to go to your temples and to your places of worship, in this State of Pakistan" Mr. Jinnah said. "While you may belong to one religion or caste or creed that has nothing to do with the business of the State".

Mr. Jinnah recalled the conditions of bitterness that existed between Roman Catholics and Protestants in England some time ago and said that even now there were some states in existence where there were discriminations.

CITIZENS OF THE NATION.

"We are starting the state with no discrimination. No distinction between one community and another, between caste or creed. We are starting with this fundamental principle that we are all citizens and equal citizens of one state (loud applause). We should keep that in front of us as our ideal, and you will find that in course of time, Hindus will cease to be Hindus and Muslims will cease to be Muslims, not in the religious sense, because that is the personal faith of each individual, but in the political sense as the citizens of the nation".

Mr. Jinnah assured the House that he would always be guided by the principles of justice and fairplay without any prejudice or ill-will and he was sure that with their support and co-operation he could look forward to Pakistan to be one of the greatest nations of the world, (loud applause).

The President then read out messages of congratulations received by the House from Mr. George Marshall United States Secretary of State and from the Australian Government wishing successful conclusion of the great work of framing the constitution of Pakistan based on principles of democracy and peace, and political, social and economic progress of the people of the country.

PAKISTAN FLAG

Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan at the conclusion of the Presidential speech moved a resolution for adoption of the National Flag of Pakistan. This is the official description of the flag:

"A dark green rectangular flag in the proportion of length to width 3:2 with a white vertical bar at the mast, the green portion bearing a white crescent in the centre and a five pointed white heraldic star.

"The size of the white portion will be one-fourth the size of the flag nearest the mast, the remainder three-fourths being dark green. The dimensions of the crescent and star are obtained as follows:

"Draw the diagonal from the top right hand corner to the bottom left corner of the green portion. On this diagonal establish two points—"a" and "b", point "a" at a distance equidistant from top right and bottom left hand corners of the green portion that is the centre of the green portion; point "b" at a distance from the top right hand corner equal to 13|20th the breadth of the flag. With centre point as "a" and radius 3|10th the breadth of the flag describe the arc of a circle. With centre point "b" and radius 1.1|4 the breadth of the flag describe a second arc. The enclosure made by these two arcs forms the crescent. The dimensions of the five pointed white heraldic star are determined by drawing a circle 1|10th the breadth of the flag. The circle surrounds the five points of the heraldic star. The star lies with one point on the diagonal and pointing to the top right hand corner of the flag. The tip of this point lies on the diagonal at a point where the larger arc of the crescent, if completed, cuts the diagonal."

LIAQUAT ALI ON WHAT FLAG STANDS FOR

Unrolling two flags which he presented to the President to adorn the presidential table, Mr. Liaquatali Khan delivered a short oration explaining the ideals for which the flag stands.

He said: "This flag is not the flag of any one political party or community. It is the flag of the Pakistan nation and the State which is to come into existence on 15th August. It is not really the cloth that matters but its importance lies in what it stands for. I can say without any fear of contradiction that this Flag will stand for freedom, liberty and equality of all those who owe allegiance to the flag of Pakistan.

"This flag will protect the legitimate rights of every citizen and will defend the integrity of the State. This flag, I have no doubt in my mind, will gain the respect of all nations of the world because once Pakistan State is established, when we get the opportunity of working out the destinies of seventy million people we shall show to the world at large that although we are a new State, we will be a State worthy of the 70 million people of Pakistan. We will live in peace and we will be a State that will help in maintaining peace throughout the world.

SACHAR MOVES AMENDMENT

Lala Bhimsen Sachar sought the permission of the President to speak in Hindustani but the Chair ruled that English was the language of the House and only when members could not express themselves adequately they could speak in the language they chose.

Mr. Sachar who moved an amendment for the appointment of a committee to report on the design of the Pakistan National Flag by noon tomorrow, offered his congratulations to Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan for the definition of the ideal for which the flag stood.

Explaining the reasons why he moved the amendment despite Mr. Liaquatali Khan's utterances, he said these utterances threw a tremendous responsibility on the head of the State in the day-to-day administration. He was sure that under Mr. Jinnah's guidance and inspiration the Government would translate into action these utterances and the principles that had been enunciated. The reason why he asked for a committee was that the minorities wanted to feel that they were associated with the affairs of the State at every step, and the determination of the National Flag of the State was not a small matter but was of the greatest importance.

The flag symbolised the urges and aspirations and the spirit of the people. The people would embrace even death to defend it. The purpose of the amendment was to make it more acceptable to the minorities. He was glad to know from Mr. Liaquatali Khan that it was not a religious flag but it was the flag of the State inhabited by Muslims, Hindus and Sikhs as equal citizens of the State. This had gone a great way in creating the necessary confidence.

Mr. Sachar said it would have been better if the leaders of the minority communities had been consulted when the flag was designed, and even now it was not too late.

Mr. Dhirendra Nath Dutta, supporting the amendment said that the Flag was to a great extent identical with the party flag of the Muslim League. The Congress Party flag did not represent the communities of India, and it was claimed that the colours represented the virtues of the nation. That analogy could therefore not be applicable here.

LIAQUAT'S REPLY

Replying to the debate Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan reiterated that it was not the same flag as the Muslim League Flag. It was not a religious flag.

Secondly, Pakistan State must have its own flag on August 15, the date of its birth. They had tried to give a prominent place to white colour, and about one-fourth of the flag was white, a colour that was made up of seven different colours.

He added: "Thank God we have not got seven different classes in Pakistan I hope I will not create a minority. It is only a minority that can create a minority. As I am in majority in Pakistan, it will not be my desire to create a minority. Even the Muslim members of the Constituent Assembly knew nothing about the flag, which was designed in Delhi by a few of us."

It was for the first time that his Muslim Colleagues in the House had seen it. It was therefore not a question of not associating the minorities. It would be his endeavour and desire to associate the representatives of the minorities in the House at every stage in the Assembly's deliberations said Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan. "We want to work in co-operation and not in opposition. In view of the special circumstances and shortness of time at our disposal, and in view of the fact that the National Flag of Pakistan is to fly in every nook and corner of the country, I hope the members will not press the amendment."

AMENDMENT NEGATIVED

Mr. Jinnah put the amendment to vote before the House which negatived it and the House adopted the National Flag as described in the resolution.

Mr. Kiran Shanker Roy sought the permission of the Chair to make some observations but Mr. Jinnah expressed his inability to allow it as it was not permissible under the rules, though Mr. Jinnah said the House would like to hear him.

Mr. Kiran Shanker Roy said: "After the verdict of the House we accept the flag as the National Flag of Pakistan." (Loud cheers).

Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan then proposed that the two flags which he presented to the Assembly might be kept in the national museum, but in the meantime should remain in the safe custody of the President of the Pakistan Constituent Assembly.

Before it adjourned for the day, the House adopted a resolution moved by Sardar Abdur Rab Nichtar, appointing a committee consisting of a Chairman to be nominated by the President and seven other members to be elected by the Assembly to report as soon as possible on (a) rules of procedure of the Assembly, (b) powers of the President and (c) procedure for declaration and filling of vacancies in the Assembly.

Freedom Week in Delhi

Dr. Rajendra Prasad addressing a gathering.

Nehru At Allahabad

ALLAHABAD, Aug. 11. (A.P.I.): Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru arrived here this morning by plane from Delhi. A large number of persons received him at the Bamrauli aerodrome.

Pandit Nehru drove straight from the aerodrome to the residence of S.r Tej Bahadur Sapru, who has not been keeping well for sometime past and has been completely bed-ridden for the last few days. Pandit Nehru remained with him for over half an hour.

Pandit Nehru will leave for Lucknow to-morrow morning by plane and return to Delhi from there the same evening.

GOVT. BAN ON PARTY FLAGS AT MEETINGS

BOMBAY, August 11.—Orders have been issued by the Government of Bombay banning all meetings and processions on August 15, 16 and 17 with all flags other than the national flag which has been accepted as the country's flag by all parties. This is necessary as meetings and processions with flags other than the National Flag will be rightly regarded as derogatory to the National Flag by all sections of the people, and any attempt at such processions or meeting is therefore likely to lead to breach of peace. There is however no objection to other flags being flown from private houses.

Echo Of Bengal Judicial Secretary's Death

CALCUTTA, Aug. 11 (API). Jayanta De and Miss Rekha Biswas, who were arrested in connection with the murder of Mr. J. De Judicial Secretary to the Government of Bengal, have been sent up for trial on a charge of "wilful murder," the police having submitted today a chalan under Sec. 302, I.P.C. (Murder) against both the accused. case has been fixed for hearing on August 26.

It will be recalled that Mr. J. De was found murdered in his bed on June 6 last.

Jayanta De is the youngest son of the deceased and Miss Biswas was one of the inmates of the house.

South Africa Leading By 120 Runs Against Lancashire

MANCHESTER, Aug. 11. (Reuter). Occupying the wicket for all but 40 minutes of today's play, South Africa ran up a total of 338 in reply to Lancashire's 218 at the Old Trafford to lead by 120 on the first innings.

CLASH IN TALWANDI

JULLUNLUR, Aug. 11 (API.) Troops and police have been rushed to village Talwandi, about fifteen miles from here where a clash is reported to have occurred resulting in some casualties.

Curfew has been imposed in Kartarpur where three knife attacks took place yesterday. A student was stabbed last night. He was removed to hospital and is reported to be out of danger.

The District Magistrate has ordered curfew in the affected locality. The situation is now quiet. The police are patrolling.

'COMMUNIST BANDITS'

SHANGHAI, Aug. 11. (Reuter): The Shanghai Government Information Office has "advised" all newspapers printed in Chinese to call Chinese Communist forces "Communist Bandits", not "armies" or "soldiers" during the period of general mobilisation, it was stated here today.

Canadian Government Not To Buy Furs From Farmers

OTTAWA, (U. P. A.): W. M. Ritchie, chief of the fur inspection and grading service of the Dominion Department of Agriculture, today said, "The Canadian Government is not buying furs from farmers nor does is contemplate doing so. The Canadian Government has passed legislation for support of agricultural prices but furs are not being supported under the legislation."

Ritchie said: "The Agricultural Products Co-operative Marketing Act was passed in 1939 to assist in the orderly marketing of agricultural products by enabling co-operative associations or processors to make advances to producers at the time of delivery. These advances supply producers with ready cash to carry on operations so that it is not necessary to dump all products on the market at once and so depress prices."

However, Ritchie added "The Government, through the Minister of Agriculture, has entered into agreements with seven associations or processors for marketing ranch-bred fox pelts produced in Canada since 1946. These are not all sold yet and while the market is depressed at the moment it cannot be known until they are all sold whether the Government will be called upon to pay any money or not."

Under the Co-operative Marketing Act a product is sold and the proceeds pooled so that producers receive equal returns for like grade and quality. If the products do not sell for an amount equal to the initial payment the Government makes up the loss. Thus far the Government has incurred no expense under the Act since it has been passed.

Agrees For Settlement Of Dispute By Arbitration

BATAVIA, August 10. (Reuter): The Working Committee of the Indonesian Republican Parliament last night approved the Republican Government's acceptance of the United Nations Security Council call for a fire in Indonesia, the Netherlands East Indies News Agency reported tonight.

Hyderabad Satyagraha

Police Frustrate Violation Of Ban

HYDERABAD (Dn.), August 10. (A. P. I.): In pursuance of the directive issued by the Hyderabad State Congress on August 9, six Congress workers offered satyagraha this evening at two places in the city—Gowliguda and Begum Bazar—by attempting to violate the public meetings regulation.

The police, however, had cordoned off these two areas earlier in the afternoon, thus frustrating the move.

Fifteen persons were taken into custody for infringement of section 145 of the ARASTA penal code (corresponding to section 144 of the Cr. P. C. in British India), they were summarily tried and fined from Rs. 10 to 15.

Later in the evening both the areas cordoned off by the police were opened to traffic and no further incidents occurred.

'INCOMPETENT TO MANAGE FOOD SITUATION'

Lohia's Charge Against Govt.

WARDHA, August 10. (A.P.I.). Dr. Ram Manohar Lohia, Congress Socialist leader addressing a public meeting here this evening, said "The present Government is incompetent and unable to manage the food and cloth situation."

Reviewing the food and cloth shortages in the country, Dr. Lohia said that if export of cloth were stopped, there would be "plenty of cloth available for our needs". He suggested however that export of cloth in exchange of food grains should not be discontinued.

Referring to Indian states the socialist leader asserted that the people will not only solve problems like the Berar problem, but will "do away with states which are traitors to the country and to the free India Government."

4 JEWS SHOT DEAD IN TEL AVIV

3 Refugee Ships Sail Towards Gibraltar

JERUSALEM, August 11. (Reuter): Four Jews were killed and seven others injured when, a party of Arabs, said to be wearing military uniforms, stormed the Hawaii Cafe, on the shores of the Yarkon river in Tel Aviv, with hand grenades and automatic weapons last night, a Jewish source declared today.

The Arabs were said to live in a village near Tel Aviv.

Fifteen Arabs surrounded the place, the source said, while ten others armed with automatic weapons burst into the cafe. A number of Jews trying to escape were shot at, the source said, but British soldiers in the cafe were not molested.

PARIS, August 10 (Reuter): Three British ships carrying 4,500 Jewish refugees which arrived at Port De Bouc from Palestine 12 days ago may leave tomorrow morning and sail in the direction of Gibraltar, it was learned tonight in usually well informed circles close to the French Ministry of Interior.

No indications as to destination was disclosed.

JOINT ELECTORATE IN PAKISTAN

Congress Constituent Assembly Party To Sponsor Demand

KARACHI, August 11. (U. P. I.): The Congress Party of the Pakistan Constituent Assembly will ask for joint electorates. The Indian Constituent Assembly has done away with separate electorates, and we shall try our utmost to do away with this evil which is responsible for the communal bitterness and the consequent division of India".

Thus declared Lala Bhimsen Sachar, Deputy Leader of the Congress Party in the Pakistan Constituent Assembly, in an interview to the United Press of India.

Continuing he said: "We want to create a joint consciousness among people belonging to different communities and sections and this cannot be accomplished with a seperate outlook on life."

Asked as to what will be the attitude of the Congress if the League by a majority provides for communal electorates in the Pakistan constitution, he replied: "After all a majority communal-ly should not decide everything by votes only. In the larger interests and for future peace and goodwill among the citizens of Pakistan, the principle of joint electorates is the solution."

D. F. Karaka:

Off My Chest

A reader of this column says: "I would like to draw your attention to the recent remarks of Mr. Buch, General Manager of the Indian Co-operative Steam Navigation Co., who, in the course of his statement on the sinking of the ill-fated 'Ramdas', said he had repeatedly applied for a wireless license for the ship, but that the Posts and Telegraphs Directorate at New Delhi had not cared even to reply. The public in general and the relatives of the victims of the 'Ramdas' disaster in particular would like to have an early clarification on this point."

So would I.

* * *

There is another letter in my mail to-day which needs answering. Mr. E. J. Marquis says that now that we are free the first and second things for us to do are to ban all films and books which ridicule our customs or culture etc.

Mr. Marquis, the banning of books and pictures belongs to a totalitarian State. A free people need to ban nothing.

* * *

A third letter brings me Rupee One for the proposed FUND for "Our FIRST-BORNS".

It comes from "a struggling journalist", who hopes many Zeros can be added to it.

A fund like this cannot be conducted by one person. It must be handled by some educational or charitable trust or organisation—the Wadia Charities, the Tata Charities or some other.

I feel that the response to such a fund properly conducted would be terrific. But someone must come forward. Meanwhile, you readers can do a lot by voicing your opinions on the subject.

PARTITION OF INDIA IS AN "UNREAL FACT"

(Continued from Page 1)

the League threats or a policy of appeasement.

Today the partition of India was a settled fact and yet it was an unreal fact. The partition, he hoped, however removed the poison from the body politic of India. This he was sure, would result in the seceding areas desiring to reunite with the rest of India. India was one and indivisible. One could not divide the sea or split the running waters of a river. The Muslims had their root in India. Their sacred places and their cultural centres were located here in India. He did not know what they could do in Pakistan and it would not be long before they began to return.

WORD TO SOCIALISTS.

Appealing for a concreted effort for the economic regeneration of the country, Sardar Patel said that the Socialists in India were always talking of a Socialist Republic. Instead of restricting their activities to mere agitation he would ask them to take over the administration of one province and solve the problems which had arisen in the wake of a prolonged war. In contrast to their counterparts in Great Britain, the Indian Socialists were pursuing an opposite course. Strikes were encouraged and higher wages demanded. If there was no water in the well none could draw any to drink.

NO WEIGHTAGES.

In dealing with our domestic problems, Sardar Patel said, there could not be in the future any more separate electorates or weightages and special treatment. Every community must get what was its due but if a community which formed fifteen per cent of the population had sixty per cent representation say in the Police Department, it undoubtedly created a problem.

COW PROTECTION

Referring to the agitation for cow protection, Sardar Patel said that he agreed with the demand but asked why no such agitation was sponsored in the past. In countries where cows enjoyed no legal protection, they were looked after better and yielded more milk. But at a time when the Government was faced with the problem of protecting human beings the question of protecting cows could not have priority. He deprecated attempts which were supposed to unite the country but in fact divided the Hindus. Nobody to-day, except the Congress, could undertake the task of uniting the country.

Concluding, Sardar Patel said that India had nothing but goodwill towards all but if her safety was endangered, she must have the strength to defend herself and for that people must work.

To Celebrate Independence Day

KOLHAPUR, August 10. (API): The Kolhapur State Government have decided to celebrate the Independence Day by holding parades and flag salutation.

R

ON ACCOUNT of a discrepancy detected in the stocks of longcloth, a sum of Rs. 50/- has been forfeited from the deposit of Messrs DECCAN CLOTH STORES, Ration Cloth Distributor No. B/287, Lady Jamshedji Road, Sadar.

M/s. A. K. HAJI MOOSA KAPADIA, Rationed Cloth Distributor No. A/7 have been fined Rs. 50/- for refusal to sell longcloth to one of his customers.

CONTROL OF CAPITAL ISSUES

Consent For About Rs. 86 Crores In First Quarter Of 1947

NEW DELHI, Aug. 11.

Consent for about Rs. 86 crores in respect of 185 companies was given during the period January 1 to March 31, 1947, under the Control of Capital Issues Scheme, according to the latest statistics available.

The total amount applied for in the period was about Rs. 102 crores in respect of 244 companies, and the amount refused was about Rs. 12 crores in respect of 59 companies. The difference (Rs. 4 crores) between the sum of "consents" and "refusals" and the amount applied for represents cases in which partial consent only was given.

The total figure for consents included over Rs. 42 crores for Industrial concerns, of which Rs. 31 crores were for Long-Range schemes. Under the head "Non-Industrials", the total figure for consents was over Rs. 43 crores of which about Rs. 20 crores were for Long-Range schemes.

The breakdown of these figures into Industrial and Non-Industrial issues is as follows:

	Amount applied for (Rs. crores)	Number of companies	Amount approved (Rs. Crores)	No. of companies
Industrial	51.38	136	42.29	115
Non-Industrial	50.31	108	43.29	70

The refusals in respect of Industrial issues amounted to Rs. 7 crores and about Rs. 5 crores for Non-Industrials. The principal element entering into the former figure related to Spinning and Weaving Mills which secured no allotment of looms or spindles (over Rs. 5 crores) while the latter figure related mainly to Banks and Air Transport Companies (Rs. 2 and 1½ crores respectively).

Schemes for which approval was given are classified as 'Immediate' and 'Long-Range.' For the period under review, the total amount allowed for Long-Range schemes was Rs. 43.08 crores and for Immediate scheme Rs. 42.5 crores.

SHARE OF INDIAN STATES

Of total "consents" during the period under review, the share of Indian States amounted to Rs. 3.43 crores in respect of 15 companies—Rs. 3.15 crores as initial issues and Rs. 28 lakhs as further issues. The total refusals amounted to Rs. 2.74 crores in respect of 9 companies. Of the aggregate amount of consents, Rs. 1.7 crores in respect of 4 companies were for Long-Range schemes; refusals (Long-Range Schemes) amounting to Rs. 1.25 crores in respect of 3 companies. The breakdown into Industrial and Non-Industrial issues is: Industrial Rs. 2.47 crores; Non-Industrial Rs. 96 lakhs.

In assessing the Indian States' share, it should be noted that applications from the States relate only to permission for issue of recognition in British India. Any issue of capital exclusively in the States does not need the permission of the Indian Government's Controller of Capital Issues. Therefore, the total capital issued by the States was presumably larger than the amount recorded under the Government of India Capital Issues Scheme.

DETAILS OF CONSENTS: INDUSTRIAL ISSUES

During the period under review, consent for industrial purposes was given to 115 companies, involving an aggregate capital issue of Rs. 42.29 crores. Of this sum, Rs. 23.26 crores were for Long-Range schemes and Rs. 19.03 crores for Immediate schemes.

These industrial issues are divided into 34 groups. Spinning and Weaving Mills top the list, followed by Chemicals (Heavy) and Mining and Quarrying. The following is a detailed list of consents according to the amount of capital permitted. Figures in brackets indicate amount of capital for Long-Range schemes.

SPINNING AND WEAVING MILLS: Rs. 5.47 crores (Rs. 3.25 crores) for 17 concerns in British India; Rs. 1.25 crores outside (all Long-Range) for 2 concerns.

CHEMICAL HEAVY: Rs. 4.10 crores (all Long-Range) for 4 concerns in British India. No refusals and no outside concern.

MINING AND QUARRYING: Rs. 3.71 crores (all immediate) for 14 cencerns in British India. No refusals and no outside concern.

ELECTRICAL INDUSTRIES: Rs. 3.31 crores (Rs. 3.16 crores) for 3 concerns in British India. No refusals and no outside concern.

ENGINEERING GENERAL: Rs. 3.21 crores (Rs. 3 crores) for 5 concerns in British India.

PAPER AND STRAWBOARD: Rs. 2.95 crores (all Long-Range) for 4 concerns in British India only.

FINE CHEMICALS (INCLUDING PHARMACEUTICALS): Rs. 2.22 crores (Rs. 12.5 lakhs) for 4 concerns in British India.

PAINTS AND DYES: Rs. 1.46 crores (Rs. 1 crore) for 3 concerns in British India; Rs. 30 lakhs (Immediate) for one concern outside.

OIL MILLS: Rs. 1.07 crores (all Immediate) for 6 concerns in British India.

GLASS: Rs. one crore (all Immediate) for 2 concerns in British India.

Other industries for which permission was granted for the issue of capital were: Films Production, Non-ferrous metals, Cement works, Matches, Jute Spinning and Weaving, Iron and Steel Making, Woollen and Worsted Mills, Vegetable Fats, Food Preservation and Dehydration and Sugar Manufacture.

Of the total Industrial issues, a sum of Rs. 29.67 crores represents initial and Rs. 10.16 crores further issues for British India. The figures for areas outside British India are Rs. 2.35 crores and Rs. 12 lakhs respectively.

NON-INDUSTRIAL ISSUES

Consent was given during the period under review for about Rs. 43.29 crores in respect of 70 companies. This sum consisted of Rs. 23.47 crores for Immediate schemes and Rs. 19.82 crores for Long-Range schemes.

The Non-Industrial schemes are classified under four major groups: (Agriculture, Financial, Trade and Transport and Other Services) comprising 18 heads. The Trade and Transport Group heads the list, followed by the Financial Group. The two largest amounts are granted to Shipping Concerns (Rs. 17.87 crores) and Trading Concerns (Rs. 8.98 crores) respectively, both of which fall in the Trade and Transport Group. The third largest amount was granted to Banks (Rs. 3.84 crores) under the Financial Group. Details of consents in British India and outside (figures in brackets indicate the amount permitted for Long-Range schemes) are given below:

AGRICULTURE

Total consents: British India Rs. 2.04 crores (all Immediate); Rs. 30 lakhs for one concern outside.

PLANTATIONS: Rs. 91.5 lakhs for 4 companies in British India; Rs. 30 lakhs for one concern outside.

AGRICULTURE AND LAND IMPROVEMENT: Rs. 75 lakhs for 3 concerns in British India.

DAIRIES AND FISHERIES: Rs. 37.5 lakhs for 2 concerns in British India.

FINANCIAL: Total consents in British India: Rs. 12.50 crores (Rs. 2 crores); outside Rs. 41 lakhs (all Immediate).

BANKS: Rs. 3.43 crores for 9 concerns in British India; Rs. 41 lakhs for 4 concerns outside.

INSURANCE COMPANIES: Rs. 46.7 lakhs for 5 companies in British India.

INVESTMENT TRUSTS: Rs. 2.7 crores for 4 concerns in British India.

MANAGING AGENCIES: Rs. 2.94 crores for 5 concerns in British India.

HOUSE BUILDING SOCIETIES: Rs. 2.06 crores (Rs. 2 crores) for 3 concerns in British India.

OTHERS: Rs. 45 lakhs for one concern in British India.

TRADE AND TRANSPORT

Total consents Rs. 27.6 crores (Rs. 17.72 lakhs) in British India.

TRADING CONCERNS: Rs 8.98 crores for 15 concerns in British India

BUS SERVICE: Rs. 20 lakhs for one concern in British India.

SHIPPING CONCERNS: Rs. 17.87 crores for 4 concerns in British India.

OTHER SERVICES:

Total consents Rs. 1.43 crores (Rs. 10 lakhs) in British India; Rs. 25 lakhs outside.

HOTELS AND CLUBS: Rs. 35.33 lakhs (Immediate) for 2 concerns in British India, and Rs. 25 lakhs for one concern outside.

CINEMA HOUSES MUSIC HALLS AND THEATRES: Rs. 50 lakhs for 2 concerns in British India.

ADVERTISING AND PUBLICITY CONCERNS: Rs. 22.96 lakhs (Rs. 10 lakhs) for 3 concerns in British India.

OTHER SERVICES: Rs. 10 lakhs for one concern in British India.

Of the Non-Industrial issues Rs. 36.80 crores for 44 concerns were for initial issues and Rs. 5.53 crores for 20 concerns were for further issues. For outside British India the respective figures were: Rs. 80 lakhs for 3 concerns and Rs. 16 lakhs for 3 concerns.

Mr. Jai Prakash Narain at a meeting at Kamgar Maidan sponsored by the Socialist Party to celebrate "August 9".

BRITISH SHIP OWNERS FAIL TO READ SIGNS OF TIMES

Still Think Policy Of Divide And Rule Will Hold Good, Says Walchand

LONDON, August 11, (U.P.I.): The Government of India have thoroughly vindicated the stand which the Indian Shipping Delegation took during its recent negotiations in London with the British Ship-owners. It was not the theoretical pursuit of the alternate goal of the Indian shipping as alleged in the interested quarters that led to the breakdown of the recent negotiations but it was the relentless refusal of the British ship-owners to negotiate with us as a delegation, to discuss the question of suitable distribution of India's maritime trade in light of immediate aims for a India's shipping recommended by the Shipping Policy Committee and accepted by the Government of India which banged the door and brought the conference to an abrupt end within three hours of its beginning."

Thus remarked Mr. Walchand Leader of the Indian Shipping Delegation in a special interview to the "United Press of India" in London today.

Proceeding Mr. Walchand said: "The British ship-owners have, however, failed to read the signs of times. They still delude themselves by thinking that the policy of divide and rule will succeed. India has become independent. The Indian ship-owners came over to London as directed by their Government in response to the wishes of His Majesty's Government in a spirit of co-operation and goodwill to discuss with their British friends how the Indian shipping can participate in carrying a substantial portion of India's overseas trade during the next five years. The British ship-owners showed by their attitude that they were determined to continue their domination over India's overseas trade and thought that the Indian ship-owners would agree to stand with that and thank them for their mercy for throwing a crumb here and crumb there. That was the real reason for failur of the conference."

The Government of India Mr. Walchand added had advised the delegation not to disperse at once and apparently made further efforts for resumption of the negotiations and failed "It has now come to the conclusion that no useful purpose would be served by pursuing the negotiations and accordingly directed the Indian Shipping Delegation to disperse."

Concluding Mr. Walchand said: "It was a happy sign of the new spirit in India that the mischievous attempts of those Britishers who have thought that they would be able to persuade the Indian Government to withdraw sponsorship of the Indian Shipping Delegation and leave the individual shipping companies to condescending to the patronage and tender mercy of the British ship-owners failed in their nefarious game. The Indian Shipping Delegation is deeply grateful to their National Government for supporting their cause and vindicating their stand. Let there be no mistake. Both the people and the Government of India are determined to build up a powerful merchant navy for India. The country and the Indian ship-owners fell fully reassured in this matter Government of India have made it clear that they cannot afford to lose time in developing a national shipping but will take all necessary steps to fulfill that great national undertaking in the next few years."

Mr. Walchand is leaving for Paris early this week.

Congress Has Become Lifeless

Organisation Must Be Dissolved, Says J. P.

AHMEDABAD, Aug. 11 (UPI): "The Congress has become lifeless. Capitalists have tightened their grip on Congress organisations. Its work has been done. It must therefore be dissolved and a Socialist Organisation must be established which would try to bring real Swaraj of the people for the people".

Thus declared Mr. Jaiprakash Narain, Socialist leader, in the course of 80-minute speech here last night addressing a mammoth gathering.

Mr. Narain declared that what they would achieve on August 15 was not the Swaraj which leaders dreamt and the people, and Congressmen fought for all these years. It was a truncated freedom, he added.

Continuing the Socialist leader traced the events from the British Delegation to India upto the present time and said: "Leaders have retraced their steps at every time and committed mistakes; and if this state of affairs is continued, the future of India is dark indeed".

He said that at present many Congress workers had lost the ideal of service and become selfish. He observed the Congress Ministries were doing nothing better than the Section 93 regime.

In these circumstances, he continued, there must be a constitutional Opposition Party and the Socialists were out for it. "Many of the ills from which the country suffers would be removed if the socialist programme is adopted by the country". If their programme was adopted, he asserted, the whole map of India would be changed and everybody would get food and clothing and there would be real Swaraj where people could live in peace and contentment.

Concluding Mr. Jaiprakash Narain appealed to the people to help to establish Socialism through peaceful means since he saw the effacement of capitalism at no distant date.

'MAINTAIN CALM AND PEACEFUL ATTITUDE'

Panthic Leader's Appeal To Sikhs

LAHORE, August 10. (API): "In spite of the division of the country all of us Muslims, Hindus and Sikhs have to live together. Let us, therefore, live in peace so that the poor and the down-trodden may in the new freedom that we have achieved get enough to eat and to cover their naked bodies leading to a happier and fuller life," says Sardar Swarn Singh, Leader of the Panthic Assembly Party in a fresh appeal for peace.

He says: "The division of the country has taken place much against the wishes of many of us. The Boundary Commission is about to announce its decision in regard to a boundary line between the east and west. The two Dominions of India and Pakistan are to come into being on the 15th of August. The prosperity and happiness of the people of the two states depends upon the maintenance of peaceful conditions in the country.

"The heart of the Sikh community is undoubtedly sore. It will take long for the wounds caused by the tragedies of the West Punjab to heal. The community however, kept its head cool under grave provocation. I appeal to the community for maintaining perfectly calm and peaceful attitude. The brave Khalsa should not do anything by which its name may be soiled or the peace of the province may be disturbed.

"Nothing can be gained by killing innocent people or by arson."

Split In French Cabinet Averted

PARIS, Aug. 10 (Reuter): A threatened split in the French Cabinet over the proposed statute for Algiers was averted tonight by a compromise—outcome of a quiet talk between M. Paul Ramadier, the Socialist Premier, and dissatisfied Radical deputies.

Controversy had arisen over M. Ramadier's demand for an immediate discussion in the National Assembly for the statute—providing for a local representative Assembly in Algiers—and the demand for a postponement of the debate by the Radicals, who fear concessions to the Muslim population will be too great.

Final compromise was for a debate opening with a general discussion, after which the Assembly will adjourn as arranged for the August bank holiday (August 15) and the summer vacations, leaving detailed discussion of the statute to a later date.

Pakistan H. C. In London

NEW YORK, August 10. (Reuter): Mr. Mulzuddin Ahmad, Secretary of the Indian Embassy in Washington, left here by air for London where he said he will organise the office of the new High Commissioner for Pakistan.

FELICITATIONS TO GOKULBHAI BHATT

Finance Minister's Tribute

(From Our Correspondent).

VILE PARLE, August 11.—Eloquent tributes to the work of Mr. Gokulbhai Bhat the well-known suburban Congress leader were paid by several speakers at a largely-attended public meeting of the citizens of Vile Parle on his election to the Constituent Assembly by Sirohi and other States in Rajputana last night Mr. Vaikuntlal Mehta the Finance Minister, presided.

In his speech, Mr. Mehta congratulated Mr. Bhatt on his unique success in pursuading the Praja Sabhas of Sirohi and other States to send so radical a representative to the Constituent Assembly. The speaker recalled his long and intimate association with Mr. Bhatt in several public activities in the suburbs like Khadi prachar and village industries for which their guest had distinguished himself and it was a proud day for the suburbs that their top leader was so honoured by the Rajputana States subjects. Mr. Mehta wished him all success in his new work for which he was eminently fitted.

Mr. Ramnikrai Mehta, the G.O.M. of Vile Parle, who had been associated with Mr. Bhatt's political and other activities, bore testimony to the excellent work done by him during the last decade very often in uncongenial surroundings.

Several other speakers spoke in similar strain. Mrs. Maniben Nanavati spoke on behalf of the women and paid a tribute to Mr. Bhatt for his consistent help in organising the Mahila Mandal in the town.

Mr. Bhatt in reply, after thanking his hosts for the great honour done to him recalled his past association with the public workers of the suburbs which he made his home for the last thirty years and more. Without their co-operation, it was impossible for him to achieve anything. When he parted company with them in 1939 for Sirohi State, he was doubtful whether, in such an autocratic state, he would succeed in achieving his object but circumstances were propitious and he now found himself as their spokesman in the Constituent Assembly.

He hoped that the Swaraj they had won would strengthen their position both in India and abroad.

SCARCITY OF RAINS THREATENS CROPS IN KARWAR

KARWAR, Aug. 9 (A.P.I.): Agriculturists here apprehend that crops would soon wither away if there are no rains within the next 10 days.

The total rainfall for Karwar area this year is 7.74 inches, which is 21.18 inches less than that recorded during June and July of last year and the normal.

Grants To Gymkhanas

With a view to promoting the growth of physical education among the public, the Government of Bombay, every year, gives grants to the gymnasia which are recognised and registered for the same under the grant-in-aid code.

Under the existing orders of the Government gymnasia which are not attached to the recognised schools or colleges are recognised as special institutions and registered for grants under Chapter VII of the Grant-in-aid Code. Applications for recognition and grants-in-aid are required to be made to the Educational Inspector concerned at least three months before the commencement of the official year i.e. before April 1. All such recognised gymnasia have to conform to the rules of the Grant-in-aid Code and are required to be open for inspection by officers of the Educational Department. A recognised gymnasium is paid a maintenance grant not exceeding 25 p. c. of the expenditure incurred on staff equipment, etc. The Government has already made sufficient budget provision for such grants to all the institutions which qualify for the grant. The payment of the grant will however be subject to certain conditions, namely:—

1. It should be managed by a competent body of men who should not participate in activities likely to promote communal discord.

2. It should be open to all communities without discrimination, and should maintain an adequate staff of qualified instructors.

3. It should follow the course of physical training prescribed by the Government.

4. Its building and premises should be located in a healthy place and should be well ventilated and clean.

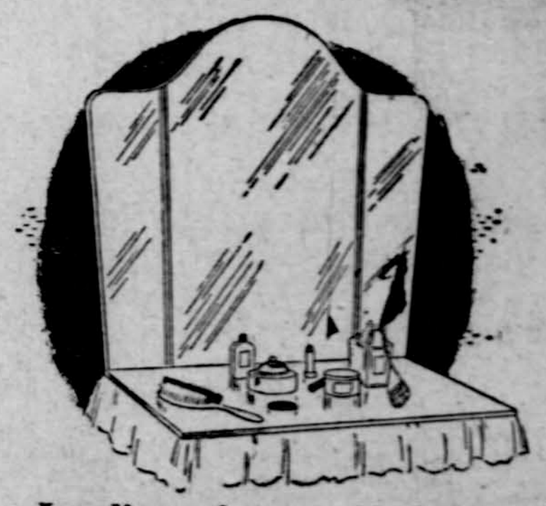
5. It should provide for proper medical examination of every new entrant and all its members, and it should have at least a minimum average daily attendance of 20 members.

6. It should maintain proper records and accounts of income and

Brutal to germs, but kind to you

Here is an antiseptic several times stronger germicidally than pure carbolic acid, and yet non-poisonous and safe. A child could use it. To the germs that cause and spread so many common infections, 'Dettol' is deadly: a swift and ruthless killer. But to you, and to the delicate tissues which the germs invade, 'Dettol' is kind and gentle. Ask your chemist for 'Dettol' and use it promptly to prevent infection.

ATLANTIS (EAST) LTD., CHETLA RD., CALCUTTA



Loveliness is your birthright

Study yourself to improve. There are soft lights in your skin that can be deepened, tones that can be raised a little, but not too much.

Above all, you need a make-up which echoes your natural colouring. You will find it among the many shades in which Don Juan powder rouge and lipstick are made.

Don Juan FOR NATURAL BEAUTY

Fazalbhoy Trading CO.,(Western India Agency)LTD.

30, Rampart Row, Fort, Bombay.

USE GEM BLADES

GEM

SINGLEDGE OR REVERSIBLE BLADES AVAILABLE EVERYWHERE

As. 14 - per packet of 5 blades

AVOID '5 O'CLOCK SHADOW'

HINTS ON HEALTH

How strong are your Lungs?

Your health and vigour depend chiefly on your possessing a pair of strong, healthy lungs. But even the strongest of human lungs are not strong enough to resist the ravages of cough. Neglected cough weakens your lungs and renders them liable to serious illness.

For troublesome cough, start taking Glycodin Terp Vasaka. Acting with double vigour on the source of infection, it soothes, heals and helps to banish cough completely. A safe and proven remedy, it is widely prescribed and recommended by doctors.

In all cases of cough due to serious organic trouble, consult your doctor.

GLYCODIN TERP-VASAKA

ALEMBIC CHEMICAL WORKS CO. LTD. BARO

MODERATE BUYING HARDENS SHARE QUOTATIONS

Tired Heavy Long Liquidation in Cotton

ACTIVE PROFESSIONAL SUPPORT IN BULLION MARKET

BOMBAY, Aug. 11.

The Bombay Stock Exchange was fairly steady to-day with moderate business passing.

As pointed out before, bullish enthusiasm has disappeared but the recent heavy liquidation has improved the technical situation. This state will prevent any important decline in the near future.

In the meantime traders are unable to form any reliable opinion as on one side there are warnings against any increase in prices while on the other side great stress is being placed on increase in industrial production. Thus the Government will have to find solutions of these vital factors.

The Government has declared 15th and 16th as Bank Holidays and the market will remain closed Budlee business will be done on Thursday, the 14th inst., and the market will remain open between 12 noon and 1 p.m. on Thursday. The market will remain closed on Monday and will remain open between 12 noon and 1 p.m. on Tuesday, but will again remain closed on Wednesday.

Tata Steel Dfd. Shares opened today at Rs. 1952/- and after fluctuating between Rs. 1960/- and Rs. 1945/-. Steadied at Rs. 1955/-. Ordinary Shares opened at Rs. 385/- and improved at Rs. 387/-. Bombay Dyeings opened at Rs. 1035/- and advanced at Rs. 1056/-. Kohinoors opened at Rs. 568/- and steadied at Rs. 571/-.

Later on the market was steady with moderate support and some short covering. 3 per cent 1986 Conversion loan was quoted at Rs. 100/3 and Municipal loan was quoted at Rs. 100/4. Tata Steel Dfds. were placed at Rs. 1962/8 and Ordinary Shares were done at Rs. 390 Bombay Dyeings were quoted at Rs. 1047/- while Kohinoors improved at Rs. 573/- Simplex Shares changed hands at Rs. 339/- and Swadesni Shares were placed at Rs. 608/12. Associated Cements were quoted at Rs. 161/-. Scindias were quiet at Rs. 30/12 and Central Bank Shares were quoted at Rs. 95/-.

MILL SHARES

Bombay Dyeing 1050 Kohinoor 574 Swadeshi 610 Nagpur 305 Simplex 341 New Great 374 Gokak 315 Indore 612/8 Century 982/8 Colaba 240 I. Bleaching 156 Swan 353 Finlay 297 Morarji 530 Edward 700 Meyer 225 Apollo 4/2 I U Ordinary 15/14 I U Defd 2/14 Madhusudan 280 Poddar 310 Khatau 295

STEEL SHARES

Tata Steel Ord 389/8 Tata Steel Defd 1960 Second 163/8

CEMENT.

Associated Merger 161/8

INDUSTRIES

Burma 468/8 Bellapur 258 Shivrajpur 38 Scindia 30/14 Construction 192 Tata Chemical 14/6 Tata Oil 68/8 Indian Iron 36 Bengal Steel 28/6

ELECTRIC SHARES

Tram Ord 121/4 Tata Hydro 1/3 Andhra 1615 Power 1715

MILLS (CASH).

Elphinstone 87 Phoenix 1202/8 India Manufacturing 4500 Kooria 290 Dawn 1545 David 148/12 New City 221/4 Minerva 211/14 Bradbury 608/12 Bharucha (Dfd) 7/15 Bharat 49/8 Mysore 300 Madhavji 19 Model 187/8 Laxmi 1625 Vishnu 607/8 Western 3600 Standard 501/4 Sholapur 6125 Sassoon Cotton 18/8 Hindustani 4125 Tata 79/8 Ahmedabad Advance 447/8 Sassoon Silk 75/8 New Union 19/12 Shrinivas 400 Raja Bahadur 116/4 Berar 260 Victoria 425 Kohinoor Cpn. 64.

ELECTRIC SHARES (CASH)

Ahmedabad 142/8 (New) 108/12 Surat 243/12 New Prem 170 Karachi 160 Broach 12/12 Ajmer 12/14 Amalgamated 20/4 Nagpur 56/8 Poona 205 Bombay Suburban 158/2 Bombay Suburban (New) Prem. 90.

BANK SHARES

Reserve 116/8 Imperial 2190 P P 546/4 Central X R 98 Coupon 21 India 232 Union 10/12 Baroda 165 Habib 167 Dena Bank 60 United Commercial 74 Jaipur 60 Hindustan Com. 48 Mysore 390 Exchange (Ord.) 48 Eastern 105

INSURANCE.

Oriental 5625 Empire 755 New India 78/8 Jupiter 31/4 Vulcan 15/10 Indian Mercantile 60 Universal Fire 18 British India General 22/4 Neptune 13/6 New Great 27 All-India General 32

RAILWAYS

C. P. 108 Mymensing 113 Guaranteed 113 Pachora 100

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock 662/8 Steamer 570 Burma New 162/8 Burma Petrol 3/8 Mackenzie 165 Port Canning 76 Kemp 480 Zandu Pharmacy 202/8 Indian Investment Trust 103 Wimco 278/12 Dharamsey Chemical 35/8 Mukund Iron 12/2 Dena Trust 20 Alembic 310 Supreme India 180 Jamwire 113/12 Bombay Uganda 80 Bombay Motor Cycle 37 India Cement 35 Walchand Nagar Industries 325 United Motor 65 A.C.C. New 100 Bombay Safe Deposit 83b

PREFERENCE SHARES

Tata Steel (1st Pref.) 215 Tram 30 Andhra Valley 1405 Tata Power 1461/4 Hydro 140 Bombay Steamer 340 Nagpur 702/8 Swadeshi 146/4 Vishnu 52/8 Laxmi 307/8 New Great 268/12 Poddar 115 Shrinivas 101 Elphinstone 126/4 Bradbury 537 Surat Elec. 211/4 Premier Construction (1st Pref.) 127 (Second Pref.) 123/8 Amalgamated 138 Habib 72 Tata Chemical 115 Walchand Nagar Industries 250 Jupiter 18 Supreme 120 Meyer 125 Mackenzie First 127/8 Mackenzie Second 125 Ahd. Advance 145 Mysore Mill 51 Standard 100

DEBENTURES

Andhra 1952 (4) 103/8 B Steamer 1959 (8) 106/12 I Hume Pipe (6) 111 Tata Power 1951—102/8 Walchandnagar (6) 117 Tata Chemical (4) 104 Acme Mfg. (6) 107 Cooper Eng. (6) 107

OFFSIDE SHARES

Indian Copper 3/7 B.I.C. 9/3 Burma Corporation 4/7 New Victoria 5/6 New Victoria Preference 7 Raja 36 Phalton 110 Gold Mohor 305 Kaiser-i-Hind 380 Sajjan 280 Osmanshahi 295 Ajamshahi 255 Air Services 15/8 Air India 195 Birla Motor 8/5 Marshal 7/4 I Steam 15/6

GOLD AND SILVER

BOMBAY, Aug. 11.

The Bullion Market was fairly steady with moderate business passing. The immediate future course of Silver ces entirely depends upon the attitude of professional bulls who have established virtual control over the market.

Floating stock of Gold is estimated at about 75,000 tolas while the average daily offtake remains at six thousand tolas. Floating stock of Silver is reported to be in the neighbourhood of 5,500 bars with an average daily offtake of 120 bars

Forward Silver opened today at Rs. 174/12 and declined at Rs. 174/2 on moderate long liquidation but thereafter the market was steady at Rs. 174/4. Ready Silver was quoted at Rs. 175/12.

Gold futures market opened at Rs 108/11 and after declining at Rs. 108/6 steadied at Rs. 108/8 with moderate business. Ready Gold was quoted at Rs. 108/14 and Sovereigns were placed at Rs. 72/12

The market finally closed as under:—

	Rs.	as.	p.
Ready Silver	177	0	0
Forward Silver	175	4	0
Ready Gold	110	0	0
Forward Gold	109	10	0

BOMBAY COTTON

BOMBAY, Aug. 11.

The local cotton market was quiet today with a restricted turnover and traders are inclined to await Government decision on trading in the next cotton crop.

The market opened today at Rs. 436 for September delivery and declined at Rs. 435/4 on scattered selling.

Later on there was increased selling and September delivery declined at Rs. 433/12 and steadied at Rs. 434.

Later on there was further selling and September declined at Rs. 432/12 but rallied on short covering. The market closed at 4-30 p.m. as under:—

I.C.C. September 433 2 0

INDIAN COTTON PARITY.

Indian Cotton September Contract is 1641 cent points below New York October at Exchange rate 331

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES.

BOMBAY, Aug. 9.

	Hi.	Lo.	Closing at 2 p.m.
September	438-1/4	436-3/4	437-3/8

PRODUCE MARKET

BOMBAY, Aug. 11.

The produce market was quietly steady with modest business passing. Traders are inclined to await rain reports: Quotations were as under Groundnuts, Khandesh quality Rs. 35. Bold and Coromandal Rs. 34. November-December Khandesh quality Rs. 30/12. Bold Rs 30/6. Groundnut Oil ready Rs. 20/14, August Rs. 20/6 and September Rs. 20/9. Castorseeds ready 34, Cawnpore Bold Rs. 31/12, September Rs. 157. May delivery opened at Rs. 133/12 and steadied at Rs. 134/4. Castorseeds Oil first pressing Rs. 22/12 and Commercial quality Rs. 21. Linseed ready 31. August Rs. 30/14 and September-October Rs. 30/12. Linseed Oil Rs. 19/6

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

BOMBAY, Aug. 11.

Tata Ordinary 389/8; Tata Deferred 1960; Indian Iron 36; Steel Corpn. of Bengal 28/6; Bombay Dyeing 1050; Central India 305; Gokak 315; Kohinoor 573/12; Simplex 341; Swadeshi 610; Tata Power 1715; Associated Cement 161/8; Belapur 256/14; Bombay Burma (Old) 468/12; Scindia 30/14; Central Bank 98/2; New India 78/12; Tata 2nd Pref. 163/12.

RECORD OF ACTUAL TRANSACTIONS IN SHARES.

BOMBAY, Aug. 11.

MILLS.

Apollo 4/2 4/1/6 4/2
Bharat 49/12 49/8
Bom. Dyeing 1045 35 42/8 40 50 48/12 57/8 46/4 52/8 50 51/4 46/4 50
Bradbury 608/12
Bradbury (Pref.) 540/10 37/8
C. India 302 1 5 4 5 4 5
E. Textiles 695 700
Colaba 245 37/8 40
Elphinstone (Ord.) 88
Finlay 294 97 94 98/8 97
Gokak 313 14 12 14 13 14 13 15
I. U. (Defd.) 2/14
I. U. (Ord.) 15/12 15/14 15/13/6 15/14
Indore 595 602/8 1/4 15 12/8
Khatau 295
Kohinoor 569 70 69 76 71 74
Meyer 226/4 25
Model 186/4 87/8
Morarji 530
New City 220 21/4
New Great 371 73 72 74
Simplex 339 35 37/8 37 42 37 40 39 41
Swadeshi 590 93 88 607 4 10
Tata Mills 79/8
Vishnu 607/8
C. P. Rly. 108

BANKS.

Baroda 164/8 66 65
Central 96/8 98 97/12 98
Habib 167
Imperial (Old) 2277/8 90
India 232
Reserve 116 17 16/8
U. Commercial 74 74/4 74

ELECTRIC

Ahmedabad 143/12 41/4 42/8
Andhra Valley (Pref.) 1415 5
B. Tram (Ord) 121/8 21 21/8 21/4
Power 1715 12/8 15
New India 79 78/4 78/8
Oriental 5625
Scindia 30/10 30/15 30/11 31 30/12 30/15 30/13 30/14

STEEL.

B. Steel 28/4 28/2 28/6
I. Iron 35/6 35/13 35/12 35/15 35/14 36/1 36
Tata (Defd.) 1952/8 57/8 42/8 47/8 46 57/8 55 62/8 57/8 67/8 52/8 65 55 60
Tat (Ord) 385 86 85 90 86/8 90/8 87 89 88/8 89/8
Tata (IInd Pref.) 163/8 64 63 63/8

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alcock 660 63/12 62/8
A. C. C. (Old) 162/8 63 61/8 62 61/8
A. C. C. (New) 98 99/8 99 100
Belapur 257 59 58 59 58
B. B. (Old) 470 65 70 68/12
B. B. (New) 162/8
I. Bleaching 156
I. I. Trust 103
P. Construction 192 91 93 92
P. Construction (IInd Pref.) 123/8
Tata Chemical 14/8 14/4 14/6 14/4 14/6
Tata Oil 68/8 69 67/12 68/8
Wimco 277/8 78/12

SPECIAL

Kohinoor Coupon 64 66 64
Central Coupon 21/8 21
Central New 96
Ahmedabad Elec. New 110 11/4 8/12

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, Aug. 11.

B. O. Rates T. T. D. D. 1/5 15/16 Ready.
B. O. Rates T. T. D. D. 1/5 29/32 up to 6 Months.
London Banks Selling T. T. D. D. 1/5 31/32 Ready.
London Banks Selling T. T. D. D. 1/5 15/16 up to 6 Months.
London Banks Buying T. T. 1/6 1/32 to 9th Months.
London Banks Buying T. T. 1/6 1/16 10th-12th Months.
London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 1/16 to 4th Months.
London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 3/32 5th and 6th Months.
London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 1/8 7th-9th Months
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 1/8 to 4th Months
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 5/32 5th and 6th Months.
London Banks 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 3/16 7th and 9th Months.
London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 5/32 to 4th months.
London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 3/16 5th and 6th Months.
London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 7/32 7th and 9th Months.

NEW YORK & MONTREAL RATES

B. O. Rate T. T. Rs. 332 1/4
Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 332 1/4.
Banks Buying T. T. Rs. 330
Banks Buying D. D. N. Y. Rs. 329
Montreal Rs 328 3/4 under L/C.
Banks Buying D. D. N. Y. Rs. 328 3/4
Montreal Rs 328 1/2 not under L/C
Paris Banks Selling T. T. Fcs. 3550.
Paris Banks Buying T. T. Fcs 3550
Amsterdam Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Fl 79.
Java Banks Selling T. T. D. D. —
Hongkong Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 84.
Singapore Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 157.
Burma Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 100 1/2.
New York/London Cross Rate $4.02 5/8 to 4.02 3/4.
London Discts. 3 Months 17/32 pc.
London Discts. 6 Months 9/16-5/8 pc.
Reserve Bank Rate 3 pc. Bank of England Rate 2 pc.
Money:—Call 1/2 pc 3 Months 1/2 pc, 6 Months 3/4 pc, 12 Months 1 1/4 pc.
Tone:—Easy.

BANKERS' CLEARING

Cheques delivered through the Bombay Bankers' Clearing House during the week ending the 8th Aug. 1947 were as under.

Number of Cheques: 170162
Amount of Cheques: Rs. 51,88,86,084-8-0

Move Afoot For Coalitions In Provinces?

KARACHI, Aug. 11 (UPI): The United Press of India understands that a move is afoot for coalition Governments in the provinces of Indian Union and Pakistan. Although talks are confined to provincial leaders and only in a nebulous state, it is gathered that the High Commands of the Congress and Muslim League have been kept informed. The success of the move, however, depends on the attitude they choose to adopt.

It is stated that the partition of India has been accepted in order to avoid communal bloodshed but there seem to be no sign that trouble is ending. On the contrary, it is apprehended that it may assume a grim aspect by spreading and enveloping the two Dominions if it is not checked at once.

It is felt that if the Governments are formed with both Congress and League elements, it might have a sobering effect on the communal situation and put an end to the sufferings of the common man.

It is believed that the idea of having only a nucleus Ministry for East Bengal for the present is influenced by such a desire.

Khwaja Nazimuddin, the prospective Chief Minister of East Bengal, met Mr. Jinnah yesterday when, it is understood, he discussed with him the personnel of the nucleus Ministry.

DRAFT INSTRUMENT OF ACCESSION

Prince Of Berar Contradicts Press Report

HYDERABAD, August 10, (A.P.I.): A communique issued by the Nizam's Government says that the Prince of Berar "has noticed a report published in a local paper purporting to come from its correspondent writing from London to the effect that Hyderabad's position with regard to the draft instrument of accession was talked out between the Prince of Berar and Premier Attlee.

"The prince wishes to make it clear that his contacts in London were of a purely social nature and that no talks took place between him and any party in London on the subject of the draft instrument of accession."

DERAILMENT OF SPECIAL TRAIN

Authorities Will Hold Inquiry

LAHORE, August 10. (API): A press note issued today by the Punjab Government says Mr. Q. F. Rahman, Government Inspector of Railways, circle number four (Lahore) will hold an enquiry at Bhatinda station from August 12 1947 in regard to the derailment of a special train at 10-30 p.m. on August 9 between Giddarbaha and Balluana.

"Any member of the public having knowledge relating to the accident and matter connected therewith and desiring to give evidence may do so at Bhatinda on August 12 and 13th" the press note says.

U. P. Govt. To Delete Titles From Official Records

LUCKNOW, August 10. (API): It is understood that the use of titles conferred by the British Government on Indians will be discontinued from official records of the U. P. Government after August 15.

C.C.C. BUYS 40,000 COTTON BALES

NEW YORK, August 10

Prices fluctuated erratically over a wide range in a typical pre-Bureau report fashion reflecting the divergence of views as to the initial ginning production report. The export department in the past week was highlighted by the re-entry of the Commodity Credit Corporation in the market for an additional 40,000 bales, reports that the New York banks have allocated another 20 million dollars to China to purchase United States cotton, talk that France was inquiring for up to 125,000 bales out of the recent United States credits, together with reports that Germany was seeking 25,000 bales under the new private cotton programme. At the same time optimism regarding export buying was tempered somewhat by the expectations that shipments abroad in the curfent season will not be better than 2,000,000 to 2,500,000 bales due to the approaching dollar crisis in some foreign consuming nations, principally Britain, and the cancellation of the seven million dollar cotton credit to Hungary. In connection with the recent tropical storm in Southern Texas it is generally believed the size of the crop will not be altered in this area but that grades will be lowered and picking and ginning slowed down considerably.

100 Arrested In Pondicherry

PONDICHERRY, Aug. 9, (API): Over one hundred persons were arrested by the police yesterday in Pondicherry for alleged contravention of the ban imposed by the authorities on public meetings and processions, but all of them were released later.

The demonstrations were organised by the French Indian National Congress, Students Congress, Communist Party and various trade union organisations as a protest against the curtailment of civil liberties.

To mark their protest, mill workers struck work and hartal was also observed by shop-keepers in response to the appeal made by the demonstrators.

A largely attended public meeting in a resolution demanded immediate withdrawal of the Government ban and the release of the arrested persons and called on the people to participate fully in the movement for the restoration of civil liberties.

A Student Congress meeting programmed for today was also banned and consequently students in three colleges went on strike.

The leaders, it is learnt, have been informed that the authorities have lifted the ban.

In view of the tense situation prevailing elaborate police arrangements have been made to prevent any untoward incident.

Canadian Minister Dies Of Heart Trouble

OTTAWA, August 11, (Reuter): Mr. H. J. G. Bridges, Canadian Minister of Fisheries and one of the youngest members of the Cabinet, died here last night aged 45 from heart trouble.

AUSTRALIAN SLEEPING BEAUTY DIES

MELBOURNE, Aug. 11 (Reuter): Reita Argall, 25-year-old Australian girl who awoke last month after six months' sleep, died in the Royal Melbourne Hospital to-day.

Doctors said she suffered from gross hydrocephalus. A puzzling feature of her case was that she was able to eat while asleep.

ARRESTED ON CHARGE OF CHEATING

BOMBAY Monday.

The C.I.D. arrested on Saturday Mohanlal Mavji on a charge of cheating in respect of Rs. 10,500. Two other suspects, Narsidas and Mudaliar, are stated to be absconding.

It was stated by the Police that the arrested person is a Mehtaji of a firm, N. Damodardas & Co., situated on Hornby Road.

On 31st July '47, it was alleged one Mudaliar called at the shop of the complainant, Govindji Vanmalidas Shah at C. P. Tank and asked him whether he would purchase green coloured cups and saucers, and metro glass tumblers from his abovenamed firm.

The complainant who is a partner in Lokmanya Adarsh Stores, who was interested in the offer was asked to come to the office of the firm the next day.

On that day, the complainant was introduced to Narsidas alias Chotalal Shah who appeared to be the proprietor of the firm. The complainant was told that they had 200 gross of cups and saucers and 110 gross metro glass tumblers in stock valued at Rs. 10,500.

The complainant paid the amount on 2-8-'47 and sent his servant with the accused to obtain delivery of the materials. The accused, it was stated, moved about in a taxi from place to place and on the pretext that he had forgotten the keys of the godown failed to supply the goods. He was called on 4-8-'47 on which date the complainant came with his lorry. He was taken to various places and on that day also goods were not delivered. Finally, the accused admitted that there was no godown and that the whole affair was a bogus one.

The efforts of the Police to trace Narsidas and Mudaliar have failed. They are still absconding.

Mr. G. K. Rege, Presidency Magistrate Esplanade Court remanded the accused into police custody.

SHOP IN HORNBY ROAD BURGLED

The shop of Messrs. Excelsior Trading Co. at Hornby Road, was burgled by thieves last night and property valued at approximately Rs. 15,000 was removed.

It appears that the burglars entered the premises by forcing open the rear of the shop and bending the iron bars of a window.

Among property removed from the shop were woollen and silk goods and articles of jewellery.

'IT IS A CONSPIRACY TO MAINTAIN BRITISH INFLUENCE'

Ghaffar Khan's Statement On Governorship Of Frontier

PESHAWAR, August 10, (A.P.I.): Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan has issued the following statement to the press: "It has given me no surprise that the Pakistan Dominion Government has chosen Sir George Cunninyham as the first Governor of NWFP. We had all along suspected that there was a conspiracy between the Muslim League and British Imperialism to deprive brave Pathans of the fruits of the numerous sacrifices offered by them in the cause of freedom and to maintain British influence over them. It is wonderful that while in all provinces in Indian Dominion, Governors have been appointed after consultation with the representatives of the people, our province has been totally ignored. Moreover, in Indian Dominion all new Governors are selected from the ranks of those who have made sacrifices in nation's struggle for overthrowing the foreign domination, but in our province an old pensioner of strong imperialistic views who has played a prominent part in the suppression of Pathan spirit of freedom has been imposed on us. Could it not be possible for the Governor-General of Pakistan Dominion to have selected a Pathan or someone from the ten crores of Musalmans of India? It appears that the new set up of the Pakistan Government is not going to be different in any way from the old British imperialism of Mr Churchill."

POSTPONE DEBATE ON EGYPT

Sudanese Independent Front's Cable To U. N. O.

LAKE SUCCESS, Aug. 11 (Reuter): As the United Nations Security Council was resuming hearing today of Egypt's complaint against Britain, rival Sudanese political parties left for New York by air to argue for and against Union with Egypt.

Ismail El Ashari, Leader of the Ashigga Party, which demands local autonomy for the Sudan under Egyptian rule, was leaving Khartoum for New York. At the same time two more delegates of the Independence Front", which seeks an independent self-governing Sudan, were already on their way to the United States capital with an appeal to the Security Council to hear their case.

Cabling the United Nations today, the Independence Front appealed to the Secretary-General to postpone today's debate until their delegates could present their case. Saying Nokrashy Pasha's statement to the Security Council was a "deliberate misrepresentation" as to the history and national aspirations of the Sudanese, the Independence Front declared that the Egyptian claim to unity of the Nile Valley was "imperialistic scheming".

2 U. S. PILOTS ON GLOBAL FLIGHT

PRESQUE ISLE, MAINE, Aug. 10. (Reuter): Two ex-United States army pilots who are attempting a leisurely "flivver" flight around the world in two light planes landed at Goose Bay, Labrador, four minutes apart after a 600-miles flight from Presque Isle, the United States Army Operation Office here announced tonight.

The fliers — Clifford Evans and George Truman — touched down at the end of the second stage of their global tour which began yesterday from Teterboro, New Jersey.

They expect to cover 21,350 miles in 30 to 45 days.

DIFFERENCE IN TARIFFS MIGHT LEAD TO SMUGGLING

'M. G.'s' Fear About Economic Future Of India

MANCHESTER, Aug. 11, (Reuter): Partition in India has caused an "awkward economic situation — difference in tariffs might lead to smuggling on a grand scale, making the "present black political blood still blacker", the 'Manchester Guardian' said today.

"But the trouble goes deeper", the Guardian said. "The attempts to peer into the economic future — speculative and admittedly on inadequate data—suggest that instead of Pakistan reaping for itself the economic difficulties of its secession it will be the Indian Union which will pay the price. The Union is likely to be left with a highly adverse balance of payments and thus to find itself in a position much like that of this country, and if estimates which have been made are correct it will find sufficient difficulty in obtaining the foreign exchange for the imports to maintain its day to day life and this will put in jeopardy the daring projects of development and industrialisation the dream which has accompanied and rendered more fervent its political ambitions.

WILLS'S

SCISSORS

are such a soothing smoke

4 annas per packet of 10 cigarettes. Plus local tax where in force

W. D. & H. O. WILLS, BRISTOL & LONDON

MUTT AND JEFF—That's An Awful Lot Of Spelling To Know—No? By BUD FISHER

HELLO! YEH, THIS IS JEFF! NO?
?
NO!
NO, NO! N-O!
NO, NO, NO, N-O! NO! NO, NO! N-O!
WHO WAS THAT?
THAT WAS MY TWIN BROTHER, JULIUS!
?
HE WANTED TO KNOW HOW TO SPELL "NO"!

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 18 April, 2017

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS PER WORD.
MINIMUM Rs. 1/8/-.
To be paid in advance.

SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted one experienced Civil Overseer, knowing building construction. Apply with testimonials stating minimum salary required to: Cooper Engineering Ltd., Satara Road. 4813

Wanted a M.B.B.S. Lady Doctor with missionary spirit of service and experience in obstetrics to work at Kasturba Hospital, Sevagram, C. P. from 1st September, 1947. Free quarters and pay about Rs. 150/- (may be altered according to qualifications and circumstances). Apply immediately to the Secretary of the Hospital. 4820

Wanted—Matrics, Non-Matrics for Sub-Agencies establishments in Bombay Presidency. Apply Indo Finance & Transportation Corporation, Delhi. 6771

A vacancy occurs in a large Retail Store in Calcutta for a first Class Tailor's Cutter. London experience, and smart at getting work out. Apply with copies of testimonials to Box No 6739, "Bombay Chronicle".

SOCIAL

For Happy Married Life, either sex, Contact Dr. Bhavalkar, - Wadekar Building, near Portuguese Church, Girgaum, Bombay 4. 6774

Ladies and Gents join I.H.C. Club, P.O. Asaura, Dist. Meerut (U.P. and get "Pen Friend" mag. free for exchange of stamps, friendly correspondence, etc. 6613

ACCOMMODATION AVAILABLE

To let immediately Office accommodation for two tables only with telephone. Churchgate Street. Apply Box No. 6766, "Bombay Chronicle".

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Learn Dentistry Within short period. Apply prospectus Dental Training Institute P. B. 91. Jamnagar. 6598

BOOKS & MAGAZINE

Attention everybody. Subscribe now Readers Digest Rs. 10/- yearly before increase to 12/4 in September. Complete Magazine catalogue sent on request by International Bookhouse, Opposite Clock Tower, Bombay. (4217)

MEDICAL ADLETS

Ansuiya-Hills-Herb. A most powerful and well-renowned Asthma extraordinary herb for more than 150 years founded by a Sidha Mahatma to be taken once in a month on full moon day. 31-8-47 correspondence in English. Mahatma, S. K. Dass Sri Sant Sewa Ashram P.O. Chitrakot (Banda). 6756

Chitrakot Asthma Cure a most Powerful highly effective remedy for curing Asthma by one dose to be taken on 31-8-47 full moon. Apply in English Baba Sri Mahatma Jogi Baba Ayurvedic Buti Prachar Ashram, P.O. Chitrakot, U.P. 6762

(Govt. Regd.) Asthma Cures Chitrakut Hills Herbs Cures asthma radically by one dose prepared by Shiri Mahatma 108 S. P. Das Ji. To be taken on 31-8-47 fullmoon. Correspondence in English. Manager Shiri Chitrakut Damanashak Ayurvedic Sidh Sewa Ashram P.O. Chitrakut (Dist. Banda) U.P. 6760

A most powerful highly effective and world renowned remedy for Asthma, "Chitrakot Asthma Relieving Buty", cures Asthma radically by one single dose. Taken on 31-8-47. full moon. Correspondence in English with clean address. Mahatma Naga Baba Ayurved Ashram, P.O. Chitrakot, U.P. 6757

STOCKISTS AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Agents to secure Silk and Woollen Cloth order. Terms Liberal and Free. Apply Western Textiles. Ludhiana. 6396

MACHINERY FOR SALE

For Sale Foundry Moulding Machines and Air Compressors Also Cupolas. Contact Western Mfg. Co., Hassan Chambers, Parsee Bazar St., Fort, Bombay. 6733

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

Available ex-Stock American Electric Gramophones from Rs. 180/- Fluorescent tubes and reflectors Electric lamps all standard voltages and types from 15 watt to 1000 watts, C.T.S. cables all sizes, good discounts for quantities. Apply Box No. 3985 "Bombay Chronicle."

Remington Noiseless Standard. Perfect condition. Offers over 400/- Apply N. Mohamed, 1st Floor, Kitab Mahal, Hornby Road. 6768

Emergency Loans upto Rs. 100/- given locally. Write for details to Department E. Citizen Credit Syndicate Limited, Andheri. (6769)

For August 15th National Badge is Freedom's Choicest Presentation among friends. Packet of 100 1" x 1½" 10 as. with Pins fixed Rs. 2/8. Organizations special rates home delivery arranged Contact Flagshow, C/o. Pacheco Bros., 212, Princess Street, Bombay 2. 6775

For Sale—Different pictures of Nepoleon, National Leaders, Historical, religious cities and healthspots of World. Also stamps different countries. In Albums. Good for cinema producers and artists. Collective, individual offers solicited. Meet or write, Ramkrishna Naik, Dongre Mansion, Tardeo, Bombay. 6773

PUBLIC NOTICES

FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION.

APPLICATIONS INVITED from British subjects of Indian domicile or descent and subjects of Indian States for two temporary posts (sanctioned up to 28-2-1949 for the present, but likely to continue thereafter) of assistant Controllers Inspecting Testing, Central Stationery Office, Calcutta, Women eligible. Age limits: 30-35 (38 for Scheduled Castes relaxable up to 40 years in special cases. PAY. FOR DIRECT RECRUITS: Rs. 500-20-600. FOR PERSONS WHO HAVE BEEN IN CONTINUOUS GOVERNMENT SERVICE SINCE 15TH JULY 1931. Rs. 550-30-700. These scales are subject to change as a result of decision on the recommendations of the Central Pay Commission. QUALIFICATIONS: For one post candidates should possess a degree in Applied Chemistry from a recognised University and five years practical experience of testing and inspecting stationery and/or allied stores, and must have plenty of drive, initiative and tact in connection with dealings with manufacturers. For the other post candidates should possess a degree in Engineering from a recognised University and five years practical experience of testing and inspecting stationery and/or allied stores particularly those made of metal and wood, and must have plenty of drive, initiative and tact in connection with dealings with manufacturers. One post is reserved for a Muslim. If no suitable Muslim candidate is available, both the posts will be treated as 'Unreserved'. Particulars and application forms from Secretary, Federal Public Service Commission, Simla. Closing date for receipt of applications with a treasury receipt of Rs. 7/8/- (Rs. 1/14/- for Scheduled Caste candidates) 6th September, 1947. Candidates applying from outside India are not required to pay any application fee and may apply on plain paper if prescribed application forms not available. Candidates in the Forces may send a Money Order or Postal Order in payment of the application fee if it is difficult for them to obtain a treasury receipt. Cheques will not be accepted. No candidate will be considered for appointment unless he/she appears for a personal interview if called upon by the Commission to do so.

4817

THE BOMBAY ELECTRIC SUPPLY & TRAMWAYS CO., LTD.
CONSUMERS, CONTRACTORS AND OTHERS.

DEPOSITS WITH THE COMPANY

PERSONS who, prior to the date of this Notice have deposited cash or securities with the above Company in connection with fidelity, hire of meters, refrigerators, electric plant or appliances, contracts to take supply of electricity, contracts for execution of works, contracts for supply of stores including plant and machinery or any matter relating to the above Company's undertakings (including omnibus undertaking) are informed that as and from the 7th August, 1947, the operation of the said undertakings will be taken over by the Municipal Corporation of the City of Bombay.

The above Company is making financial arrangements with the Municipal Corporation to take over the liability for re-payment of all such deposits and all such depositors are requested to communicate direct with "the Bombay Municipality—The Bombay Electric Supply and Transport Committee," Electric House, Post Fort, Bombay 1, as and when such deposits fall due.

By Order of the Board,
H. C. ITALIA,
Secretary.

Dated 5th August, 1947.

(4763)

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

THE BOMBAY ELECTRIC SUPPLY & TRANSPORT COMMITTEE

CUSTOMERS are henceforth requested to draw all cheques in payment of bills presented by the B. E. S. & T. Co., Ltd., for supply of Electrical Energy and hire of domestic electrical appliances in favour of "The Bombay Electric Supply and Transport Committee, Bombay Municipality."

H. C. ITALIA,
Secretary.

(4771)

MOTOR & ACCESSORIES

For Sale Chev. 1938 Sedan Car for immediate sale for Rs 9,500/- please contact with Asian Traders, near Imperial Cinema, 321, Vithalbhai Patel Road, Bombay 4. on Thursday, the 14th inst, between 12 p.m. to 6p.m. 6767

LOANS & MORTGAGES

Wanted a Loan of Rs. fifty thousand on interest/or partnership basis for expanding sound and profitable business. Own investment of Rs. thirty thousand. Write Kulkarni, 119, Kasba Poona 2. 6770

PROPERTIES WANTED

Wanted to purchase a Plot of land or on lease about 1500/2000 square yards suitable for a factory near main road and railway station within Greater Bombay Limits write with full particulars to Box No. 6715 "Bombay Chronicle."

PUBLIC NOTICES

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA

THE BANK will be CLOSED on MONDAY, the 18th August, 1947 (RAMZAN-ID) and WEDNESDAY, the 20th August, 1947 (SAMVATSARI), those days being Public Holidays under the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881.

J. ROBERTSON,
Secretary & Treasurer.

Bombay, 7th August, 1947.

4813

G. I. P. RAILWAY
AUCTION NOTICE

SERVICEABLE EMPTY GUNNY BAGS, Jaggery Gunney pieces, empty cases (wooden) and empty tins will be auctioned at 9 hours on 19-8-47 at Bhusaval 'A' Railway Grainshop, Stocks may be inspected at site. Conditions governing auction will be available at the office of the Asst. Controller, Grainshops, G.I.P. Railway, Bhusaval.

4827

NOTICE TO SPECIAL JURORS

MEMBERS of the SPECIAL JURY summoned for the current Criminal Sessions are required to attend the High Court, on 2nd floor, Room No. 46, on Tuesday the 12th August, 1947 at 2-45 p.m. (S.T.)

(Mrs.) MITHAN J. LAM,
Sheriff of Bombay.

Bombay, 11th August, 1947.

4827

CHIT TENDER NOTICE

SEALED TENDERS will be received in the prescribed form by the Superintending Engineer (Highways) Trichinopoly up to 5 p.m. on Monday the 1st September 1947, for the work of constructing a causeway across Coleroon at Anaikaranchatram on Chidambaram Shiyali road.

NOTE: The site of the causeway is about a mile above the railway girder bridge in the main line of the South Indian Railway between Trichinopoly and Madras.

The causeway will be about 4,000 feet long and will have a 22 ft. roadway outside to outside of the body walls.

Copies of detailed tender notice schedule of quantities with blue print plans may be obtained from the Sperintending Engineer on payment of Rs. 25/- for each set of documents.

Tenderers are advised to send their Engineer Officers to inspect the site and get firsthand knowledge of the local conditions before tendering.

U. S. RAMASUNDARAM,
Superintending Engr. (Highways)
IV Circle, Trichinopoly.

5-8-47

4826

FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

APPLICATIONS INVITED from British subjects of Indian domicile or descent and subjects of Indian States for a temporary post of Assistant Director, Agricultural Machinery, Department of Agriculture, New Delhi. WOMEN ELIGIBLE. PAY:—Rs. 600-30-750 (subject to revision in the light of the recommendations of the Central Pay Commission). AGE:—Preferably between 25 and 35 years (38 years for Scheduled Caste candidates), relaxable in the case of officers already in Government service. QUALIFICATIONS:—(a) A degree in Mechanical Engineering of a recognised University followed by practical training in a large workshop. (b) At least 5 years experience of Engines and mechanical equipment preferably of Power operated agricultural machinery and the planning and production of such machines. Particulars and application forms may be obtained from Secretary, Federal Public Service Commission, Simla. Closing date for applications with a treasury receipt of Rs. 7/8/- (Rs. 1/14/- for Scheduled Caste candidates) 6th September, 1947. Candidates outside India are not required to pay any application fee and may apply on plain paper if prescribed application forms not available and those in the Forces may send a money order or postal order for the application fee if a treasury receipt is difficult to obtain. Cheques will not be accepted. No candidate will be considered for appointment unless he appears for a personal interview if called upon by the Commission to do so.

(4816)

BOMBAY PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION.

Applications are invited before 12-9-1947 for two contract posts of JUNIOR ASSISTANT ENGINEER (CIVIL), BOMBAY ELECTRIC GRID. PAY.—Rs. 250-750. QUALIFICATIONS.—(a) A degree or diploma in Civil Engineering and (b) (i) 4 years' experience of civil engineering or transmission lines works, ordinarily 2 years of which should have been on survey and erection of high voltage (tower) lines, or (ii) 4 years' experience in carrying out civil engineering works, about 2 years of which should have been spent on design and construction of steel structures, preferably of electric power station, percolation wells, cooling towers and other civil engineering works connected with steam power station. AGE.—Not more than 35 years on 1-12-1947. Application forms supplied on receipt of large addressed envelope with 3½ annas stamps and a CROSSED postal order for Re. 1/- payable to "Secretary, Bombay Public Service Commission". Bombay who will supply full details on request. CANVASSING IN ANY FORM WILL DISQUALIFY THE CANDIDATE CONCERNED.

(4814)

PUBLIC NOTICES

CHIT TENDER NOTICE

SEALED TENDERS will be received in the prescribed form by the Superintending Engineer (Highways) Trichinopoly at his office at Trichinopoly up to 5 p.m. on 1-10-47 for the work of constructing a bridge across the Cauvery at Pugalur on the Benares Cape Combrin road (National Highway).

The proposal is to construct a bow string girder bridge with 29 spans of 100 feet each designed for I.R.C. A class loading with 22 feet roadway clear. Tenderers if they so desire may submit alternate designs and quotations. They should however adhere to the above I.R.C. specification.

Copies of detailed tender notice, schedule of quantities with blue print plans may be obtained from the Superintending Engineer on payment of Rs. 25/- for each set of document.

Tenderers are advised to send their Engineer Officer to inspect the site and get firsthand knowledge of the local conditions before tendering.

NOTE—Pugalur is a railway station on the South Indian Railway between Trichinopoly and Erode and is about 3 miles to the south of the bridge site.

U. S. RAMASUNDARAM,
Superintending Engr. (Highways),
IV Circle, Trichinopoly.

5/8/47.

4825

THE BOMBAY ELECTRIC SUPPLY & TRAMWAYS COMPANY LIMITED.

LOST SHARE CERTIFICATE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that share Certificate No. 5785 in respect of 15 Ordinary shares Nos. 398287 to 398301 of the Bombay Electric Supply and Tramways Co. Ltd., standing in the name of Seth Kumbhandas Assanmal has been lost, mislaid or destroyed.

Any claim in respect of these shares should be notified to the Company at their Registered Office, Electric House, Post Box No. 192, Bombay No. 1 within one month from the date hereof, otherwise a duplicate share Certificate will be issued irrespective of any claim in respect thereof.

Dated 12-8-47.

(Sd.) KUMBHANDAS ASSANMAL.

6765

LEGAL NOTICES

SCHEDULE "A"
NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC
(Rule 8).

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED for public information in accordance with Rule 8, Part II, of the Rules for Places of Public Amusement in the City of Bombay, 1014, made under section 22, sub-section (I) clauses (f) (i), (g) and (h) of the City of Bombay Police Act, 1902 by the Commissioner of Police, Bombay, with the previous sanction of His Excellency the Governor of Bombay in Council, that I Fidaali Mahomedalli Potia propose erecting a Cinema House at the junction of Lamington Road and Bellasis Road on the ground belonging to me admeasuring about 4,800 Sq. Yds., and assessed under Municipal Ward No. 3406(I B) Street No. 269 D and registered under Collector's New Survey No. 222 (Byculla Division).

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that any objections to the erection of the said Cinema House should be received by the Commissioner of Police, Bombay, not later than the 30th day of August, 1947, that is to say within 14 days from the date of this Notice.

Bombay, 9th August, 1947.

HOOSEINI DOCTOR & CO.
Attorneys for Mr. F. M. Potia.

4815

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that (1) JOTIRAM GOVIND DALVI, (2) GHASIRAM RUPCHAND, (3) MOTILAL GAMBHIRMAL KOTHARI and (4) PUKHRAJ NANDRAM have agreed to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

All persons having any claim to or upon or interest in the said property by way of mortgage, charge, inheritance, lease, sale, gift, lien or otherwise, howsoever, are required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office 18, Esplanade House, Waudby Road, Fort, Bombay, within fourteen days from the date hereof, otherwise the same, if any, will be considered to have been waived and the purchase will be completed without any regard thereto.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY

All that piece or parcel of land or ground old Survey No. 111, present Survey No. 338, admeasuring about one acre and thirty-four gunthas according to the Records of Rights and about 4855 square yards according to the extract from the property Register card assessed at Rs. 25-14-9 a year with a bungalow, buildings, outhouses and tank thereon formerly bearing suburban Municipal No. 133 Civil Lines, now bearing Suburban Municipal No. 8, Todiwalla Road, Poona, and bearing City Survey No. 6, Todiwala Road, Poona, within the Registration Sub-District of Haveli, District Poona and bounded as follows:—On or towards the East by the Todiwalla Road, on or towards the West by the lands bearing Revenue Survey Nos. 109 and 115, on or towards the South by the land bearing Revenue Survey No. 110 and on or towards the North by the land bearing Revenue Survey No. 112.

Dated this 11th day of August, 1947.

PAYNE & CO.
Purchaser's Attorneys.

4822

PUBLIC NOTICES

THE HIRJEE MILLS LTD.
Fergusson Road, BOMBAY 13.

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the disposal of 40 pieces of Brand New M.S. Shafts of 3½" dia. Interested Parties may send their quotations early.

(4824)

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that (1) TANSUKHRAI MUKHRAM KARUNDIA, (2) RAMNIRANJAN NAGARMAL SARAF and (3) JANAKIBAI RUKMANAND BAJAJ, all of Bombay Hindu Inhabitants, carrying on business in Bombay in partnership in the name, style and firm of Godrej Oil & Soap Co. have contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at Karim Chambers 40-44, Hamam Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY

FIRST:—ALL THAT piece or parcel of Foras land or ground of Foras Tenure (cess whereof has been redeemed) together with the messuages, tenements or dwelling houses and 64 Kundis, 64 Tanks and 40 Bhatis (Dhobi Ghats) standing thereon, situate off Haines Road in the Island of Bombay and in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 7,150 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under New Nos. A/12164, 12161, A/12161, New Survey Nos. 3148, 3149, A/3149, Cadastral Survey No. 116 part of Lower Parel Division and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under G Ward Nos. 1076 (6), 1076 (8), 1076 (8A), 1076 (9), 1076 (10), 1076 (11) and 1076 (11A), 1076 (12A), 1076 (13) and Street Nos. 81E, 81G, 81GA, 81H, 81I, 81J, 81JA, 81KA, 81L and bounded on the East by a Government passage; beyond it by the property hereinafter secondly described, on the West by the property of Mahamedally Taibhai bearing C. S. No. 128, on the North by Government passage and beyond it by the property of Edward Sassoon Mills bearing Cadastral Survey No. 131-132 and on the South by a Private 40' Road leading from Haines Road and beyond it by property bearing C. S. No. 116 part.

SECONDLY:—ALL THAT piece or parcel of Foras Vacant land or ground of Foras Tenure (cess whereof has since been redeemed), situate, lying and being off Haines Road in the Island of Bombay and in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 42,000 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Land Revenue under C R R. No. 5923 and parts of 12182, 12280, New No. 17240, New Survey No. 3138 and parts of 3139 Cadastral Survey No. 135 and 136 part Lower Parel Division and bounded on the East by the property bearing Cadastral Survey No. 3/136 belonging to Gulumal Karamchand and others on the West by a Government passage bearing Cadastral Survey No. 133 on the North by the property of Edward Sassoon Mills and bearing C. S. No. 131-132 and on the South by a Private 40' Road and beyond it by the property bearing C. S. No. 1/136 belonging to Mahipatram Govindji Raval and others.

Dated this 12th day of July, 1947.

M. V. GOKHALE & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

4821

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. KAIKHUSHRU SORABJI GAZDAR and Bai PIROJA KAIKHUSHRU GAZDAR, of Bombay Parsi inhabitants have contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our clients free from all claims and encumbrances.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charges, trusts, maintenance or otherwise, howsoever, are hereby requested to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office, No. 41, Hamam Street, within the Fort of Bombay, within 14 days from the receipt hereof, otherwise sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY

FIRSTLY:—All that piece or land or ground with building and structures standing thereon, situate at Tungarli (Lonavla) within the Registration Sub-District and Taluka Maval District and Tukdi Poona, admeasuring 2,200 sq. yds. or thereabouts be the same more or less bearing part of Revenue Survey No. 123 and Revenue Survey No. 125 (part) and bearing Municipal No. 113 B, Lonavla Borough and bounded, on the North and East: the property of the Vendors, on or towards the West the property hereunder secondly described and on the South by road.

SECONDLY:—All that piece or parcel of vacant land, situate at Tungarli (Lonavla) within the Registration Sub-District and Taluka Maval, District and Tukdi Poona, bearing Survey No. 125 part, admeasuring 2,500 sq. yds. or thereabouts and bounded on the North, South and West by Road and on the East the property fully described above.

Dated this 9th day of August, 1947.

R. E. PAPA & CO.,
Purchasers' Attorneys.

4823

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE OF UNCLAIMED BOOKED AND UNBOOKED PARCELS, VALUABLES, OLD BOOKS, CLOTHING, UMBRELLAS, BOOTS, CHAPPALS, ETC. ETC.

Under instruction from the B.B. and C.I. Railway in accordance with Section 56 of the Indian Railway Act No. IX of 1890 MENESSE & CO., will sell by Public Auction, the abovementioned articles at the risk of the owners at 1-30 p.m. (S.T.) on TUESDAY, the 12th August, 1947, at the Railway's Bombay Central Parcel Office (near Grant Road Station).

MENESSE & CO.

ENGLISH
CARBIDE OF CALCIUM
IMPORTERS
RADHAKANTO DOSS & SONS, LTD
Glassware, Enamelware, Lampware, Cutlery and Aluminium Dealers.
211, Old China Bazar St. Calcutta.

CATARACT
By Degun's "EYE-CURE" (Regd.) guaranteed specific for CATARACT and all other eye troubles. No risk. Thousands cured without operation. Safe sure world-wide reputed and tested. Success guaranteed. Particulars free. Price Rs 3 Postage As 12.
KAMLA WORKS (B.C.)
Panchpota, BENGAL.

I like my Tenors...

ACT 137

JAMES CARLTON LIMITED, LONDON

...nas per packet the price is exclusive of Local or Provincial ...xations

Sorry little man!

We know "LACTOGEN" is still hard to get but we are bringing in all we can and hope that more will be available soon. In the meantime, ask Mummy to put her name down for a share of the next allotment we deliver to her dealer.

PLEASE!
"LACTOGEN" is a carefully prepared milk formula, specially modified for the use of INFANTS during the first year of life. Older children CAN (and should) take wholemilk. So please reserve the rather limited stocks of "LACTOGEN" for INFANTS, whose very lives, in many cases, depend on their being able to get the correct food.

LACTOGEN

Send 4 Annas in Stamps to
NESTLE'S
P. O. Box 315, BOMBAY.
For a copy of the Lactogen Mother Book

Printed and published for the Bombay Chronicle Co. Ltd. by [illegible] ANDRADES at the Bombay Chronicle Press, Red Building, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay.